



TEST FORM NUMBER

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATE

Maximum Marks : 200
Total Questions : 200
Time Allowed : 120 Min.

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to attempt the questions

- (1) This booklet contains 200 questions in all comprising the following three parts.
 - **Part-(I) : General Intelligence & Reasoning** (50 Questions)
 - **Part-(II) : General Awareness** (50 Questions)
 - **Part-(III) : English Language and Comprehension** (100 Questions)
- (2) All the questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.
- (3) Before you start to attempt the questions, you must explore this booklet and ensure that it contains all the pages and find that no page is missing or replaced. If you find any flaw in this booklet, you must get it replaced immediately.
- (4) **Each question carries negative marking also as 0.25 mark will be deducted for each wrong answer.**
- (5) You will be supplied the Answer-sheet separately by the invigilator. You must complete the details of Name, Roll number, Test name/Id and name of the examination on the Answer-Sheet carefully before you actually start at tempting the questions. You must also put your signature on the Answer-Sheet at the prescribed place. These instructions must be fully complied with, failing which, your Answer-Sheet will not be evaluated and you will be awarded 'ZERO' mark.
- (6) Answer must be shown by completely blackening the corresponding circles on the Answer-Sheet against the relevant question number by **pencil or Black/Blue ball pen** only.
- (7) A machine will read the coded information in the OMR Answer-Sheet. In case the information is incompletely/different from the information given in the application form, the candidature of such candidate will be treated as cancelled.
- (8) The Answer-Sheet must be handed over to the Invigilator before you leave the Examination Hall.
- (9) Failure to comply with any of the above Instructions will make a candidate liable to such action/penalty as may be deemed fit.
- (10) Answer the questions as quickly and as carefully as you can. Some questions may be difficult and others easy. Do not spend too much time on any question.
- (11) Mobile phones and wireless communication device are completely banned in the examination halls/rooms. Candidates are advised not to keep mobile phones/any other wireless communication devices with them even switching it off, in their own interest. Failing to comply with this provision will be considered as using unfair means in the examination and action will be taken against them including cancellation of their candidature.
- (12) No rough work is to be done on the Answer-Sheet.
- (13) No candidate can leave the examination hall before completion of the exam.

NAME OF CANDIDATE:.....

DATE :..... CENTRE CODE :.....

ROLL No:.....

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO

General Intelligence & Reasoning

Direction (1-2) In the following question below are given, some statement followed by some conclusion taking the given statement to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts, read all conclusion and then decide which of the following conclusion logically follow the given statement.

- (A) Only conclusion I follow
 (B) Only conclusion II follow
 (C) Both conclusion follow
 (D) None follow

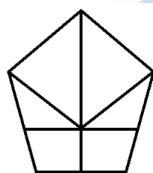
Direction (1-2) Statement: All C are k. No C is H.
 Some F are not G. No C is F.

1. **Conclusion: (I)** All G are C is a possibility.
(II) All H are C.
 2. **Conclusion: (I)** 30% C is not F is a possibility.
(II) All F are H is a possibility.

Direction (3-5) In the following questions select the related word / number from given alternatives.

3. DANCERS : RWJXWNL :: MACHINE : ?
 (A) GVTSJKO (B) GWSTKJP
 (C) GWSSIJO (D) GVUVKJP
 4. 27 : 702 :: 33 : ?
 (A) 978 (B) 1056
 (C) 1172 (D) 952
 5. Crow : Carrion :: Leech : ?
 (A) Water (B) Bones
 (C) Meat (D) Blood
 6. If "+" means "x", "x" means "+", "÷" means "-" and "-" means "÷" Then select the option which is correct after changing sign?
 (A) $329 \times 120 + 12 \div 361 - 132 = 282$
 (B) $276 - 12 + 25 \times 121 \div 251 = 445$
 (C) $287 \div 234 + 132 \times 27 \div 254 = 480$
 (D) $381 + 128 \times 210 \div 260 - 132 = 387$

7. Find number of triangle in given figure?



- (A) 8 (B) 10
 (C) 12 (D) 11

8. From the given alternative words, select the word which cannot be formed using letters of the given word?

STETHOSCOPE

- (A) TOOTH (B) SHOP
 (C) SCOOP (D) HOUSE

Direction (9-10) In the given question a relationship shows between different elements. After the statement, four conclusions are given. You have to decide which of the following conclusion definitely follows the given statements.

- (A) Only conclusion I follow
 (B) Only conclusion II follow
 (C) Both conclusion follow
 (D) None follow

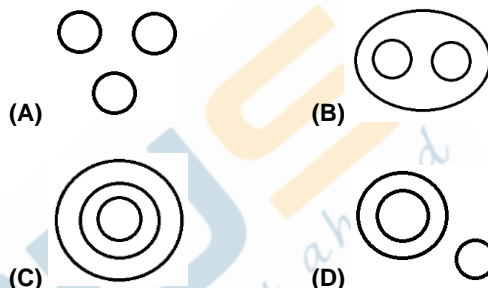
9. **Statement:** $H < F < A > B \geq C$, $U < F > M \geq K$
Conclusion: (I) $A > F$ **(II)** $F < C$

10. **Statement:** $H < F < A > B \geq C$, $U < F > M \geq K$
Conclusion: (I) $M < B$ **(II)** $K < C$

Direction (11-12) In a Joint family, F is husband of C, Who is mother of U and M. G is father of P Who is son of U. J is husband of I Who is mother of H. N is sister of K Who is mother of L. L is daughter of H Who is brother of G.

11. How is M related to F?
 (A) Son (B) Son-in-Law
 (C) Father (D) Cannot be determined
 12. How J is related to L?
 (A) Paternal Grandfather (B) Maternal Grandfather
 (C) Father-in-Law (D) Cannot be determined

Direction (13-14) Choose the Venn diagram which best illustrates the three given classes in each of the following questions



13. Oil, Wick, lamp
 14. Sea, Earth, Sun
 15. Find missing number in given figure?

| | | |
|-----|-----|----|
| 23 | 13 | 30 |
| 53 | 35 | 63 |
| 36 | 28 | 42 |
| 104 | 120 | ? |

- (A) 125 (B) 130
 (C) 108 (D) 146

Direction (16-17) In the following questions select the odd word/ number pair from given alternatives.

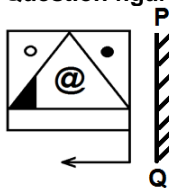
16. (A) Jowar (B) Paddy
 (C) Wheat (D) Mustard
 17. (A) 7824 (B) 6264
 (C) 7642 (D) 6348
 18. Arrange the following words as per order in the dictionary?
 1. TORTOISE 2. TORONTO
 3. TORPED 4. TORSEL
 5. TORUS
 (A) 24351 (B) 23415
 (C) 32451 (D) 23154

Direction (19-20) In a certain code "he food school" is written as "gmh fgc klm". "School opens Sunday" is written as "rhv klm brk" and "food serve good" is written as "vrh fgc qbg".

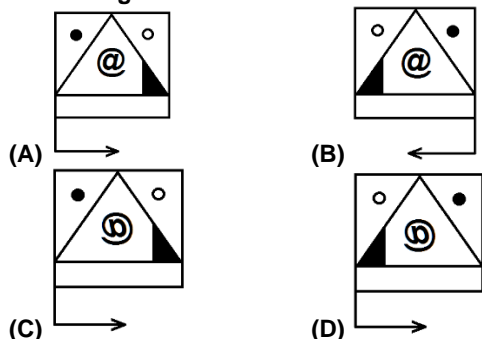
19. What is code for "he" in given code language?
 (A) fgc (B) klm
 (C) gmh (D) None of these
 20. Given the word for "klm"?
 (A) School (B) food
 (C) he (D) None of these

21. Which answer figure is the exact mirror image of the given question figure when the mirror is held at PQ?

Question figures



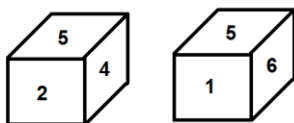
Answer figures



22. Shivam is shorter than Kriti but taller than Ramesh. Mohan is tallest. Amit is little shorter than Kriti and little taller than Shivam. If they stand in a row of increasing heights who is second tallest in the row?

(A) Amit (B) Kriti
(C) Shivam (D) Amit

23. On the basis of two figure of a dice. Which number is at opposite of number 4?



(A) 3 (B) 1
(C) 6 (D) 4

24. If Today is Tuesday. What will be the day after 46 days?

(A) Friday (B) Saturday
(C) Sunday (D) Thursday

25. In the following questions select the missing number from given series..?

27, 42, 81, 105, ?

(A) 132 (B) 276
(C) 189 (D) 243

Direction (26-28) Z is husband of V who is mother of T is daughter of L who is husband of B. B is sister of F who is son of P is husband of K who is mother of G. G is sister of M, who is wife of

26. How is Z related to B?

(A) Grandson (B) Grandfather
(C) Father-in-law (D) None of these

27. How is P related to Q?

(A) Father (B) Son-in-law
(C) Father-in-law (D) None of these

28. How is B related to M?

(A) Daughter (B) Son-in-law
(C) Father-in-law (D) Cannot be determined

Direction (29-30) In the following question below are given, some statement followed by some conclusion taking the given statement to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts, read all

conclusion and then decide which of the following conclusion logically follow the given statement.

(A) Only conclusion I follow
(B) Only conclusion II follow
(C) Both conclusion follow
(D) None follow

Statement: Some L are F. Some F are G.
No G is Some Q are R.
Some L are not R.

29. **Conclusion:** I. All L are Q is a possibility.
II. Some R are not G.

30. **Conclusion:** I. Some F are not R.
II. All L are G is a possibility.

31. Find the number of triangles in given figure?



(A) 15 (B) 16
(C) 17 (D) 18

32. From the given alternative words, select the word which cannot be formed using letters of the given word?

DETERMINATION

(A) METER (B) TERMINATED
(C) MINERAL (D) RATIO

33. If $36 \$ 28 \% 32 = 320$ and $27 \$ 31 \% 39 = 696$ then find the value of-

$25 \$ 26 \% 43 = ?$
(A) 676 (B) 387
(C) 528 (D) 357

Direction (34-36) In the following questions select the related word / number from given alternatives.

34. STUDY : VYBMJ :: BOOKS : ?

(A) DUWTE (B) EVXVD
(C) ETVTD (D) DTXTE

35. 23 : 575 :: 37 : ?

(A) 876 (B) 982
(C) 1443 (D) 1123

36. Birds : Ornithology :: Earthquake : ?

(A) Seismology (B) Taxnomology
(C) Myology (D) Quckology

Direction (37-40): Study the following information carefully and answer the question given below.

There are eight persons namely Amit, Bhanu, Chandan, Dhruv Evan, Faizan, Gyaan and Himesh lives on eight different floors from one to eight. Ground floor is number 1 and top floor is number eight but not necessarily in the same order. Only three persons live below the floor on which Evan lives. Two persons live between the floor on which Evan and Himesh lives. More than one person live between the floor on which Evan and Amit lives. Chandan lives immediately above Gyaan. Chandan lives on odd numbered floor. Only one person lives between Bhanu and Faizan. Bhanu lives one of the above floors on which Faizan lives. Dhruv lives on even numbered floor but not on 2nd floor.

37. Who is living just above Evan?

(A) Chandan (B) Gyaan
(C) Faizan (D) None of these

38. Gyaan lives on which floor?
 (A) Third (B) Seventh
 (C) Second (D) None of these
39. Pick the odd one?
 (A) Bhanu (B) Chandan
 (C) Faizan (D) Evan
40. Who live on top floor?
 (A) Bhanu (B) Himesh
 (C) Evan (D) Amit

Direction (41-42) Rahul walk 15 metres towards North and reach point X, then took a left turn and walked 8 metres. He again took a left turn and walked 15 metres and stops.

41. What is shortest distance between point X and ending point?
 (A) 15 metre (B) 20 metre
 (C) 17 metre (D) 18 metre
42. In which direction is point X with respect to ending point?
 (A) North-West (B) South-West
 (C) North-East (D) South-East

Direction (43-45) Study the following information carefully and answer the given question-

In a certain code language 'juice is very tasty' is written as 'fta fla fja fsa', 'tea is black' is written as 'fha fja fka' and 'sweet juice and tea' is written as 'fha fpa fsa fra'.

43. What is code of "tea" in given code language?
 (A) fja (B) fka
 (C) fha (D) Cannot be determined
44. Give suitable word for "fka"?
 (A) tea (B) black
 (C) tasty (D) None of these
45. What is code for "tasty" in given code language?
 (A) fla (B) fha
 (C) fta (D) Either (A) or (C)

Direction (46-47) In the following questions select the odd word/ number pair from given alternatives.

46. (A) Apple (B) Orange
 (C) Grape fruit (D) Clementines
47. (A) 17- 4913 (B) 22- 10648
 (C) 19- 6859 (D) 26- 17486

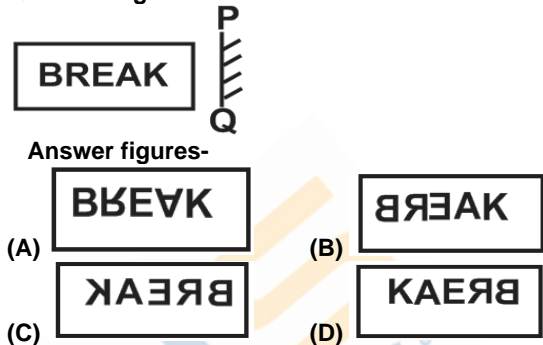
Direction (48-49) Each of the following questions below consist of a question and two statements numbered I and II are given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question.

- (A) If the data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
 (B) If the data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
 (C) If the data in both the statement I and II together are necessary to answer the question.
 (D) If data in both the statement I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.
48. Among Vijay, Sonu, Bheem, Yami and Zuberi, seated in a straight-line facing South, who sits at the middle?

I. Sonu sits second to right of Vijay. Zuberi is not immediate neighbor of Yami.

II. Vijay sits third to left of Yami. Sonu sits on the immediate right of Bheem.

49. How is Bharat related to Emran?
 I. Mohit and Zaheer are brothers of Bharat and Emran is son of Zaheer.
 II. Divya is mother of Ujjwal who is son of Bharat.
50. Which answer figures is the exact mirror image of the given question figure when the mirror is held at P



General Awareness

51. Which state is first in production of Sugarcane?
 (A) Punjab (B) Uttar Pradesh
 (C) Haryana (D) Bihar
52. Willandra Lakes Region-a UNESCO Heritage site is located in:
 (A) USA (B) Australia
 (C) UK (D) Germany
53. The headquarters of International Astronomical Union (IAU) is located in:
 (A) Geneva (B) Mexico City
 (C) New York (D) Paris
54. The largest river of all the west flowing rivers of the pen insular India is:
 (A) Tapti (B) Kaveri
 (C) Krishna (D) Narmada
55. In coronary artery by-pass surgery the blood vessel to be used as graft has to be-
 (A) Vein from the leg
 (B) artery from the fore arm
 (C) artery from mammary region of chest
 (D) any of these
56. To look total image of a person, the minimum height of a plane mirror is-
 (A) Equal to the height of a person
 (B) Half of the height of a person
 (C) One fourth of the height of a person
 (D) two times the height of a person
57. In medieval India, designations 'Mahattara' and 'Pattakila' were used for -
 (A) Military officers
 (B) Village Headman
 (C) Specialists in Vedic rituals
 (D) Chiefs of craft guilds
58. Lichens, which are capable of initiating ecological succession even on a bare rock, are actually a symbiotic association of-
 (A) algae and bacteria (B) algae and fungi
 (C) bacterial and fungi (D) fungi and mosses

59. The playing time (in seconds) of the full version of Indian National Anthem is-
 (A) 60 second (B) 52 second
 (C) 55 second (D) 57 second
60. What does venture capital mean?
 (A) A short-term capital provided to industries
 (B) A long-term start-up capital provided to new entrepreneurs
 (C) Funds provided to industries at times of incurring losses
 (D) Funds provided for replacement and renovation of industries
61. Who was the founder of Slave dynasty?
 (A) Iltutmish (B) Qutubuddin Aibak
 (C) Bakhtiyar Khilji (D) Balban
62. Widal test is used for the diagnosis of-
 (A) Sahnnonellosis (B) Malaria
 (C) Cholera (D) Typhoid
63. Consider the following statements:
 Humayun believed in astrology. So, he wears different colours of cloth for seven days of the week. He mostly wore yellow on Sunday, white on Monday, and black cloth on Saturday.
 Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
 (A) 1 only (B) 2 only
 (C) Both 1 and 2 (D) Neither 1 nor 2
64. Match the following.

| | |
|---|---|
| List-I 1. Bahadur Shah first 2. Jhaandar Shah 3. Farrukhsiyar 4. Muhammad Shah (A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d (C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c | List-II a. Shah-e-bekhabar b. Lampat moorkh c. Ghrarit kaayar d. Rangeela Shah (B) 1-d, 2-b, 3-c, 4-a (D) 1-d, 2-c, 3-d, 4-a |
|---|---|
65. Which among the following comes under primary sector of Indian Economy?
 (A) Sugar Industry (B) Dairy
 (C) Banking (D) Transport of Goods
66. In _____ government each adult citizen must have one vote and each vote must have one value.
 (A) Democratic (B) Autocratic
 (C) Monarchic (D) Authoritarian
67. Teach Text' is a text editor in which of the following operating systems?
 (A) Windows (B) Google Chrome
 (C) UC browser (D) Macintosh
68. In stems, the protoxylem lies towards the centre and the metaxylem lies towards the periphery of the organ. This type of primary xylem is called _____.
 (A) Xylem fibres (B) Xylem parenchyma
 (C) Exarch (D) Endarch
69. Consider the following statements:
 Surdas was born in Runkata village near Agra. Contemporary of Akbar Tulsidas was born in 1523 in Rajapur village in Banda district of Uttar Pradesh.
 Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
 (A) 1 only (B) 2 only
 (C) Both 1 and 2 (D) Neither 1 nor 2
70. Tropic of Cancer does not pass through which region:
 (A) Indore (B) Ujjain
 (C) Jabalpur (D) Bhopal
71. Which type of deposits gives the highest rate of interest?
 (A) Current account (B) Fixed account
 (C) Recurring account (D) None of these
72. Which of the following pairs is correctly matched?
 (A) Amendment Procedure: Article 268
 (B) Duties of Prime Minister: Article 74
 (C) President's Rule: Article 365
 (D) Inter-State Council: Article 263
73. Which one of the following is involved in the desalination of sea water?
 (A) Reverse Osmosis
 (B) Simple Osmosis
 (C) Use of Sodium Aluminum silicate as zeolite
 (D) Use of ion selective electrodes
74. In the 17th Lok Sabha elections, which state has registered the maximum None of The Above (NOTA) votes option?
 (A) Bihar (B) Maharashtra
 (C) Karnataka (D) Uttar Pradesh
75. Laver Cup is related to which sport?
 (A) Football (B) Tennis
 (C) Badminton (D) Rugby
76. Which of the following is known as the 'morning star'?
 (A) Saturn (B) Jupiter
 (C) Mars (D) Venus
77. The members of the UPSC can be removed from the office during their tenure by-
 (A) The President on the report of the chairman of UPSC
 (B) The Prime Minister
 (C) The Parliament
 (D) The President on the report of the Parliament
78. Group of Monuments at Hampi is in -
 (A) Karnataka (B) Madhya Pradesh
 (C) Rajasthan (D) Maharashtra
79. Punica granatum is the scientific name of -
 (A) Banyan (B) Papaya
 (C) Bamboo (D) Pomegranate
80. Viceroy of India at the time of World War-I was _____.
 (A) Lord Chelmsford (B) Lord Linlithgow
 (C) Lord Irwin (D) Lord Dalhousie
81. Who is the founder of Gmail?
 (A) Paul Buchheit (B) Ray Tomlinson
 (C) Tim Berners-lee (D) Douglas Engelbart
82. The atomic number of which of the following elements is greater than that of Zinc?
 (A) Copper (B) Iron
 (C) Chromium (D) Bromine
83. Where was the murder of British officer Saunders against bludgeoned on Lala Lajpat Rai?
 (A) Karachi (B) Lahore
 (C) Multan (D) Amritsar
84. Chang Lo is a folk dance of -
 (A) Arunachal Pradesh (B) Punjab
 (C) Assam (D) Nagaland
85. Which is the state of India in which the first train service started in 2014?
 (A) Assam (B) Meghalaya

- (C) Mizoram (D) Nagaland
86. In which year was Nationalist Congress Party (NCP) founded?
(A) 1949 (B) 1999
(C) 1972 (D) 1997
87. Which country is more than 30% of which belongs to the National Park?
(A) Nepal (B) Bhutan
(C) Pakistan (D) Bangladesh
88. A hard coal containing little volatile matter is called ____.
(A) Peat (B) Lignite
(C) Bituminous (D) Anthracite
89. Which part of the constitution is related to president post?
(A) Part-4 (B) Part-5
(C) Part-6 (D) Part-7
90. Excess of amino acids is broken down to form urea in-
(A) Kidney (B) Liver
(C) Spleen (D) Rectum
91. It is not advisable to sleep under a tree at night because of the-
(A) Release of less oxygen
(B) Release of more oxygen
(C) Release of carbon dioxide
(D) Release of Carbon monoxide
92. Consider the following statements:
1. Sexually transmitted disease is Hepatitis-B.
2. Blood is formed by Epithelial Tissue.
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
(A) 1 only (B) 2 only
(C) Both 1 and 2 (D) Neither 1 nor 2
93. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched?
(A) Berlin: Avon (B) Ankara: Kizil
(C) Amsterdam: Amstel (D) Adelaide: Torrens
94. Consider the following statements:
1. Big-inch pipeline was built at the time of World War II.
2. This pipeline from Texas to Pennsylvania is supplying oil and gas to many major oil refineries in the United States.
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
(A) 1 only (B) 2 only
(C) Both 1 and 2 (D) Neither 1 nor 2
95. IRDAI is an autonomous apex statutory body, which regulates and develops the insurance industry in India. IRDAI's headquarter at
(A) New Delhi (B) Mumbai
(C) Kolkata (D) Hyderabad
96. Which tax is collected by Panchayat?
(A) Sales Tax (B) Custom Duty
(C) Land Revenue (D) Tax on Local fairs
97. Who is the head of a new Ministry of Jal Shakti?
(A) Gajendra Singh Shekhawat
(B) 2 Shripad Yesso Naik
(C) Hardeep Singh Puri
(D) Mansukh L Mandaviya
98. Government has approved a scheme to control the foot and mouth disease (FMD) and brucellosis with a total

outlay of Rs _____ to fully control these diseases amongst the livestock in the five years.

- (A) Rs. 14,443 crore (B) Rs. 13,343 crore
(C) Rs. 12,341 crore (D) Rs. 11,142 crore

99. Cabinet has approved a new scheme, which assures minimum monthly pension of Rs.____ to all shopkeepers, retail traders and self employed persons after attaining the age of 60 years.
(A) Rs. 1,000 (B) Rs. 2,000
(C) Rs. 3,000 (D) Rs. 4,000
100. Which Indian Institute of Technology has signed an MoU with The Indian Space Research Organization (ISRO) to set up Space Technology Cell (STC) at the institute?
(A) Indian Institute of Technology (IIT), Guwahati
(B) Indian Institute of Technology (IIT), Mumbai
(C) Indian Institute of Technology (IIT), Delhi
(D) Indian Institute of Technology (IIT), Kanpur

English Language and Comprehension

Directions (101-104) In the following questions four alternatives are given for idioms/phrases in now. Choose the one that best expresses the meaning of the given idiom/phrase.

101. Piece of cake
(A) Great at convincing them
(B) Physically hit, punch or slap
(C) Something that is easy to do.
(D) None of above
102. Went to the winds
(A) To be utterly lost
(B) Dismissal from jobs
(C) Find ourselves in a whole lot of trouble
(D) Very uncomfortable
103. The green-eyed monster
(A) Suddenly quit or stop addictive
(B) Everyone to join
(C) Talking nonsense
(D) Used as a way of talking about jealousy
104. Out of the wood
(A) Talking nonsense
(B) Indifferent
(C) Free from difficulties and danger
(D) None of above

Directions (105-109) In these questions, in the following passage some of the words have been left out. Read the passage carefully and choose the four alternatives and fill in the blanks.

The announcement by 23andMe, a company that**105**..... home DNA testing kits, that it has sold the rights to a promising new anti-inflammatory drug to a Spanish**106**..... company is cause for celebration. The collected health data of 23 and Me's millions of customers have**107**..... produced a medical advance – the first of its kind. But**108**..... weeks later the same company announced that it was laying off workers amid a**109**..... market that its CEO put down to the public's concerns about privacy.

105. (A) Sells (B) Selling
(C) Sell (D) None
106. (A) Pharmacy (B) Pharm
(C) Pharmaceuticals (D) Pharmaceutical

107. (A) Similarly (B) Along with
(C) Potentially (D) Profuse
108. (A) Few (B) A few
(C) The Few (D) None
109. (A) Beguile (B) Huge
(C) Colossal (D) Shrinking

Directions (110-114) Out of the four alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word.

110. Outpouring
(A) Entice (B) Wayfarer
(C) Deem (D) Spurt
111. Seduces
(A) Cajole (B) Offer
(C) Naïve (D) None
112. Misdemeanour
(A) Flaw (B) Obedience
(C) Latest (D) Express
113. Internalize
(A) Hint (B) Overtone
(C) Attribute (D) Angry
114. Innuendo
(A) Produce (B) Vigour
(C) Intimation (D) Detain

Directions (115-119) In the following questions choose the word which is the exact OPPOSITE of the given words.

115. Tarnish
(A) Ablaze (B) Vague
(C) Happy (D) Polish
116. Heft
(A) Essence (B) Unwelcome
(C) Put down (D) Corrode
117. Gravamen
(A) Insignificant (B) Mammoth
(C) Blithe (D) Plaintiff
118. Incumbent
(A) Optional (B) Obtrusive
(C) Holder (D) Inheritor
119. Saddle
(A) Give (B) Allow
(C) Crunch (D) Comfort

Directions (120-129) In the following questions, change the Statements given in Direct Speech form into Indirect Speech or vice versa, with the help of given four options (A), (B), (C), (D).

120. The Prime Minister said. "What a disaster the earthquake is!"
(A) The Prime Minister cried that the earthquake was a terrible disaster.
(B) The Prime Minister expressed with surprise that the earthquake was a terrible disaster.
(C) The Prime Minister exclaimed with sorrow that the earthquake was a terrible disaster.
(D) The Prime Minister told in pain that the earthquake was a terrible disaster.

121. Rocky father says "Honesty is the best policy"
(A) Rocky father asked if honesty is the best policy
(B) Rocky father exclaimed that honesty is the best policy
(C) Rocky father says that honesty is the best policy
(D) Rocky father called honesty is the best policy
122. Ram said, "they will go to Sri Lanka."
(A) Ram said that they would go to Sri Lanka.
(B) Ram said that they would gone Sri Lanka.
(C) Ram said that they would gone to Sri Lanka.
(D) Ram said that they would went Sri Lanka.
123. The monk said to the followers "Anger kills Intellect"
(A) The monk said to the followers anger kills intellect
(B) The monk told the followers that anger kills intellect
(C) The monk told the followers that anger has killed intellect
(D) The monk asked followers if anger kills intellect
124. She said, "It has been snowing for 5 days"
(A) She said that it has been snowing for 5 days.
(B) She said that it have been snowing for 5 days.
(C) She said that it had snowing for 5 days.
(D) She said that it had been snowing for 5 days.
125. He said to her, 'Did it shake you up as much as it shook me'
(A) He asked her if it had shaken her up as it had shaken him.
(B) He enquired of her if it shook her up as much as it had shaken him.
(C) He enquired of her if it shook her up as it shook him
(D) He asked her if it had shaken her up as much as it shook him.
126. The poor mother said, "O God, have mercy on my kid soul".
(A) The poor mother prayed to God to have mercy on kid soul.
(B) The poor mother, invoking God, implored him to have mercy on kid soul.
(C) The poor mother exclaimed that God, have mercy on his soul.
(D) The poor mother told God to have mercy on his soul.
127. The professor said, "The planets revolve around the sun"
(A) The professor said that the planets revolved around the run.
(B) The professor said that the planets revolves around the run.
(C) The professor said that the planets revolve around the run.
(D) The professor said that the planets revolving around the run.
128. Mark said, "The moss was stuck to the boulder, until the gardener removed it"
(A) Mark said that the moss was been stuck to the boulder, until the gardener removed it.
(B) Mark said that the moss were stuck to the boulder, until the gardener removed it.
(C) Mark said that the moss had been stuck to the boulder, until the gardener removed it.
(D) Mark said that the moss was stuck to the boulder, until the gardener removed it.
129. He said, "Rohan ate when he was sitting in the class"
(A) He said that Rohan had been eaten when he was sitting in the class.

- (B) He said that Rohan had eaten when he was sitting in the class.
- (C) He said that Rohan have eaten when he was sitting in the class.
- (D) He said that Rohan has been eaten when he was sitting in the class.

Directions (130-134) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

In the Indian context, the term 'financial inclusion' was used for the first time in April 2005 in the Annual Policy Statement presented by Y. Venugopal Reddy, the then governor, Reserve Bank of India. Later on, this concept gained ground and came to be widely used in India and abroad. While recognizing the concerns in regard to the banking practices that tend to exclude rather than attract vast sections of population, banks were urged to review their existing practices to align them with the objective of financial inclusion. The Report of the Internal Group to Examine Issues relating to Rural Credit and Microfinance (Khan Committee) in July 2005 drew strength from this announcement by Governor Y. Venugopal Reddy in the Annual Policy Statement for 2005-06 wherein he had expressed deep concern on the **exclusion** of vast sections of the population from the formal financial system. In the Khan Committee Report, the RBI **exhorted** the banks with a view to achieving greater financial inclusion to make available a basic "no-frills" banking account. Khan Committee recommendations were incorporated into the mid-term review of the policy (2005-06). Financial inclusion again featured later in 2005 when it was used by K.C. Chakraborty, the chairman of Indian Bank. Mangalam, Puducherry became the first village in India where all households were provided banking facilities. Norms became less strict for people intending to open accounts with annual deposits of less than Rs. 50,000. General credit cards (GCCs) were issued to the poor and the disadvantaged with a view to help them access easy credit. In January 2006, the Reserve Bank permitted commercial banks to make use of the services of non-governmental organizations (NGOs/SHGs), micro-finance institutions, and other civil society organizations as intermediaries for providing financial and banking services. These intermediaries could be used as business facilitators or business correspondents by commercial banks. The bank asked the commercial banks in different regions to start a 100% financial inclusion campaign on a pilot basis. As a result of the campaign, states or union territories such as Puducherry, Himachal Pradesh and Kerala announced 100% financial inclusion in all their districts. The Indian Reserve Bank vision for 2020 is to open nearly 600 million new customers' accounts and service them through a variety of channels by leveraging on IT. However, illiteracy, low income savings and lack of bank branches in rural areas continue to be a roadblock to financial inclusion in many states and there is **inadequate** legal and financial structure. The government of India recently announced "Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojna," a national financial inclusion mission which aims to provide bank accounts to at least 75 million people by January 26, 2015. To achieve this milestone, it's important for both service providers and policy makers to have readily available information outlining gaps in access and interactive tools that help better understand the context at the district level. MIX designed the FINclusion Lab India FI workbook to support these actors as they craft strategies to achieve these goals.

Several Startups are working towards increasing Financial Inclusion in India by organising various large unorganised sectors where payments primarily happen in Cash, instead of a bank transaction.

Recently, the government of India came up with a policy under the name "rupee exchange" to exchange higher notes with the intent of: clamping down on tax defaulters, track down corrupt officers (by rendering valueless heavy cash stashed away secretly) and generally restoring sanity to the economic system. First off it is alarming that despite the fact that India's CRISIL index is in excess of 40% and it is reputed to be heavy on technology, over 85% of its financial transactions are cash based. While income and inequality gaps will widen anyway, it is recommended that India embraces - proposed - as a matter of policy financial inclusion.

In India, RBI has initiated several measures to achieve greater financial inclusion, such as facilitating no-frills accounts and GCCs for small deposits and credit. Some of these steps are:

Opening of no-frills accounts: Basic banking no-frills account is with nil or very low minimum balance as well as charges that make such accounts accessible to vast sections of the population. Banks have been advised to provide small overdrafts in such accounts.

130. Which of the following facts is true as per the passage?
 (A) Banks haven't been suggested to provide small overdrafts in such accounts.
 (B) The central bank has started many measures to get greater financial inclusion.
 (C) The central Bank permitted commercial banks not to make use of the services of non-governmental organizations (NGOs/SHGs)
 (D) All the commercial banks were urged to hold their existing practices
131. Which of the following facts is false as per the passage?
 (A) The financial inclusion segment is plural impoverished and differentiated.
 (B) RBI encouraged the banks with a view to achieving greater financial inclusion to make available a basic
 (C) GCCs facility was for bigger deposits and credits.
 (D) One A & B
132. According to the passage, for which of the following reasons the Gov brought the policy names 'Rupee exchange'?
 (A) To exchange higher notes so that corrupt officers could be tracked down.
 (B) To introduce new types of printing machines which were bought by it.
 (C) To achieve a milestone so that they could boast of their initiatives this would ultimately help them getting votes.
 (D) B & C
133. What did the author try to highlight in the passage?
 (A) The ailing condition of Indian business market at present
 (B) Strategies that may help banks expand in the unbanked market
 (C) Role of government in modifying the existing financial-inclusion policies
 (D) All
134. In the passage, the author has specified which of the following characteristics of non-governmental organizations?
 (A) These are the organization which work under the policy made by government of India
 (B) These organization support Indian economy in crisis

- (C) They suffer from excruciation of Indian Government.
(D) None of the above

Directions (135-136) Choose the word which is MOST SIMILAR in meaning to the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

135. EXCLUSION

- (A) Eviction (B) Allowance
(C) Incorporation (D) Awkwardness

136. EXHORTED

- (A) Encouraged (B) Reverenced
(C) Discouraged (D) Dissuaded

Directions (137-141) In the following question, some part of the sentence may have errors. Find out which part of the sentence has an error and select the appropriate option. If a sentence is free from error, select 'No Error'.

- 137.** ITV confirmed that Sunday episode(a)/ of Love Island would not be broadcast(b) but the current series would continue on Monday(c)/ No Error(d).

- (A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d

- 138.** Crews attended and, following a clinical assessment, (a)/ the person was not taken to hospital to (b)/patient confidentiality we cannot comment further(c)/ No Error (d).

- (A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d

- 139.** It wasn't just social media, it was the media(a)/ amplifying what social media was doing (b)/ It was both strands. There is a human impact (c)/ No Error(d).

- (A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d

- 140.** Fellow leadership contender Lisa Nandy said social media(a)/ companies could not be left to police themselves, (b)/ suggesting the current situation was like the "Wild West" (c)/ No Error(d).

- (A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d

- 141.** In no another area of life would we allow (a)/ private companies to police themselves. We ought to make sure the state has a(b)/ system of regulation and support around that (c)/ No Error(d).

- (A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d

Directions (142-146) In these questions, each passage consists of six sentences. The first and the sixth sentence are given in the beginning. The middle four sentences in each have been jumbled up. These are labelled P, Q, R and S. You are required to find out the proper sequence of the four sentences from the given alternatives (a), (b), (c) and (d).

- 142.** S1 : Most computers have the built-in ability to power a second screen.

S6 : However, some thinner and lighter laptop models lack a compatible port. For those, you may have to add an adapter into the mix.

P : First, find the HDMI or DisplayPort socket on your laptop or desktop.

Q : If you own an older computer, you might be looking for a white DVI or a blue VGA socket instead.

R : All four types of ports let you connect your computer to a television, projector, or other secondary screen.

S : If your computer has one of these ports, all you'll need is the proper cable.

The proper sequence should be

- (A) QPSR (B) PQRS
(C) QPRS (D) PQSR

- 143.** S1 : For example, slimmed-down laptops like Apple's MacBook Air and Google's Pixelbook rely on USB-C ports for data transfer, charging, and video output.

S6 : When picking your cables or adapters, look for the maximum resolutions they can support and make sure they match the monitor you buy.

P : Some computers will require other dongles.

Q : A few monitors do accept USB-C, but not all do. In that case, you'll need an adapter to convert USB-C to HDMI (like this \$20 dongle) or to DisplayPort (such as this \$15 adapter cable) before you can plug the laptop into your monitor.

R : Alternatively, if you prefer an HDMI monitor, you could connect the Surface to a Mini DisplayPort-to-HDMI dongle (such as this \$8 adapter), then a standard HDMI cable.

S : Take Microsoft's 2017 Surface Pro: it includes a Mini DisplayPort that accepts a Mini DisplayPort-to-DisplayPort cable (like this \$8 one), which in turn will plug into any monitor with a DisplayPort.

The proper sequence should be

- (A) QPSR (B) PQRS
(C) QPRS (D) PQSR

- 144.** S1 : You might have seen a few alarming headlines about a 'planet killer' headed for Earth this weekend.

S6 : The trajectory of this asteroid is very well known," the NASA Jet Propulsion Lab's Center for Near Earth Object Studies tweeted on Thursday.

P : This weekend, the object known as 2002 PZ39 will totally fail to hit our planet.

Q : But don't worry: rumors of our impending death by asteroid have been greatly exaggerated.

R : It will instead sail on, its continuing mission to seek out new life and new things to bump into.

S : This asteroid is estimated to be between 481.2 yards and 1083 yards in diameter, and astronomers have been tracking it for some time (since 2002, in fact, hence the name).

The proper sequence should be

- (A) QPSR (B) PQRS
(C) QPRS (D) PQSR

- 145.** S1 : A Kashmiri village chief became very friendly with another man of his village.

S6 : At last he thought of a plan.

P : After a while he found his friend to be so greedy that he decided to send him away.

Q : He had told him too much of his private affairs.

R : He did not wish to make the fellow his enemy.

S : This was easier said than done, for they had been close friends.

The proper sequence should be

- (A) QPSR (B) PQRS
(C) QPRS (D) PSRQ

- 146.** S1 : The world is full of people appallingly full and they are tumbling over each other.

S6 : The other way is much less thrilling, the way of the democracies and is much more preferable.

P : There are two solutions to overcome these dislikes.

Q : One is the Nazi solution, if you don't like kill them, banish them.

R : One doesn't like the colour of their skin, or the shape of their nose or the way they walk and talk.

S : Most of the people doesn't know and some them one doesn't like.

The proper sequence should be

- (A) QPSR (B) PQRS
(C) QPRS (D) SRPQ

Directions (147-151) Pick out the most effective word from the given options to fill in the blanks to make the sentence meaningfully complete.

147. Japan is bracing for hundreds of additional cases of the coronavirus onboard the stricken Princess Diamond, as experts warned that the country was still in the "early stages" of the outbreak.
(A) Complete (B) Wonder
(C) Potentially (D) Potent
148. The passengers evacuated from the ship face further uncertainty too, with the US and Australian citizens set for another two weeks of.....
(A) Quarantine (B) Differ from
(C) Different (D) Creep out
149. Onboard the Diamond Princess, another 70 people have been..... with Covid-19.
(A) Identify (B) Diagnosed
(C) Ascertain (D) Spot
150. Some Diamond Princess passengers face another two weeks in..... if they have shared a cabin with someone who tests positive, Japan's health ministry said on Sunday.
(A) Shielding (B) Separation
(C) Apart (D) Isolation
151. On Monday, the outbreak forced a hospital near Tokyo to stop accepting new patients, and raised the of a scaled back Tokyo Marathon next month.
(A) Contact (B) Accessibility
(C) Possibility (D) Contagious

Directions (152-161) In the following question, a sentence has been given in Active/Passive voice. Out of four alternatives suggested, select the one, which best expresses the same sentence in Passive/Active Voice.

152. He has a gut feeling that his brother may be keeping a secret.
(A) He has a gut feeling that maybe his brother kept a secret.
(B) A gut feeling is had that a secret is kept by his brother.
(C) He had a gut feeling that a secret was kept by his brother.
(D) He has a gut feeling that a secret may be being kept by his brother.
153. She has preserved all the old letters of her dead lover.
(A) All the old letters of her dead lover have been preserved by her.
(B) All the old letters have been preserved.
(C) All the old letters of her dead lover has been preserved by her.
(D) The letters of her old lover have been preserved.
154. Who gave you permission to enter?
(A) By whom were you given permission to enter?
(B) By whom was you given permission to enter?
(C) By whom you were given permission to enter?
(D) By whom given you permission to enter?
155. The Principal has granted him a scholarship.

- (A) A scholarship has granted to him by the Principal.
(B) He has been granted a scholarship by the Principal.
(C) He has granted a scholarship by the Principal.
(D) A scholarship was granted to him by the Principal.

156. I would advise you not to get on the wrong side of your boss.
(A) It would be advised by me not to get on the wrong side of your boss.
(B) It would be my advice not to get on the wrong side of your boss.
(C) You would be advised by me not to get on the wrong side of your boss.
(D) You would be advised by me to not get on the wrong side of your boss.
157. It is possible to do this.
(A) It is possible to have done this
(B) This is possible to be done.
(C) It is possible to be done.
(D) It can be done.
158. He was disgusted with the flattery of his assistant.
(A) The flattery of his assistant disgusted him.
(B) His assistant's flattery had disgusted him.
(C) He was disgusted with his assistant for his flattery.
(D) The flattery of his assistant will disgust.
159. Many children have been kidnapped by the militants.
(A) The militants have kidnapped many children.
(B) The militants are kidnapping many children.
(C) The militants kidnapped many children.
(D) The militants had kidnapped many children.
160. I bought a new dress last month.
(A) Last month a new dress was bought by I.
(B) Last month a new dress was bought by me.
(C) Last month a new dress is bought by me.
(D) Last month a new dress had been bought by me.
161. Sameer could be doing anything else but sleep.
(A) Anything else but sleep could be done by Sameer.
(B) Sameer could do anything else but sleep.
(C) Anything else but sleep could have been done by Sameer.
(D) None of the option is correct.

Directions (162-171) In these questions, in the following passage some of the words have been left out. Read the passage carefully and choose the four alternatives and fill in the blanks.

Students who complain about abuse on campus are being '.....162.....'. As the Windrush scandal was breaking, it became clear that there were two parallel163..... of the UK's immigration system. Those who had been164..... by the Home Office machine knew the truth: that the system was cruel and broken. The other view, more popular but165....., was that the country's immigration policy was lax,166..... and open to abuse. The same now applies to life on Britain's university campuses. Last week a report found a culture of non-.....167..... agreement abuse. NDAs, originally designed to prevent departing university staff from sharing professional secrets, are now being used to168..... victims of sexual harassment,169..... and poor teaching in order to protect the abusers and, by extension, the universities themselves. Freedom of information requests by the BBC in 2019 revealed that UK universities had paid about £87m in NDA170..... in the previous two years. This suggests a nationwide and institutional failure to protect

students from171..... abusers, a culture of exploitation of those who are vulnerable, and a failure to meet the needs of those with disabilities.

162. (A) Woke smeared (B) Perturb
(C) Perpetuators (D) Nudge
163. (A) Dream up (B) Produce
(C) Concoct (D) Perceptions
164. (A) Needless (B) Mangled
(C) Acquisitive (D) Greedy
165. (A) Revelation (B) Fabricated
(C) Counterfeit (D) Fake
166. (A) Unwary (B) Rapacious
(C) Gullible (D) Wolfish
167. (A) Torment (B) Oppress
(C) Buckle (D) Disclosure
168. (A) Grounded (B) Coerce
(C) Gag (D) None
169. (A) Bullying (B) Muzzle
(C) Block (D) Clog
170. (A) Grip (B) Payoffs
(C) Keck (D) Muffle
171. (A) Stifle (B) Predatory
(C) Convulse (D) Step up

Direction (172-181) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

Samrat was a boy of ten. He was staying in his teacher's house to learn Spanish. Samrat was an eloquent student and his Guru liked him. But the teacher didn't show his good will towards the student. Rather, he was harsh towards him. One day Samrat was not very heedful in the class. This made the teacher annoyed. He beat him extremely. Samrat sobbed for a while. Then he wanted to **unleash** his revenge on the Guru. In his rage he decided to kill the teacher. He chalked out a plan for this; Samrat would climb up to the roof of his teacher's bedroom with heavy granite stone and drop it on the teacher's head when he was asleep. So after taking the dinner, Samrat went out, picked up a heavy stone and climbed to the roof of the room. After some time his teacher and his wife retired to bed. Before sleeping they talked for some time. During the talk Samrat heard his name being mentioned. He listened to their conversation attentively. The teacher's wife was equally fond of Samrat. She was telling the teacher, 'this morning you were very harsh on Samrat. You beat him umpteen times, mercilessly. Is he not the best boy in your class? If you behave in this manner he will run away from here and you will lose a good student.'

The teacher replied, 'you are right, I should not have been so cruel to him. But you know he was not attentive in the class. I was taking an important lesson and he was talking to another boy. When I saw it I lost my temper? Samrat should not miss important lessons. So, I beat him in such a way that the punishment may deter him from such indifference in future.'

On hearing this, Samrat became very sad. It was with good intention that the teacher punished him. He was

overwhelmed with regret. The whole night he sat on the roof. The next morning after lessons, he approached his teacher when he was alone and apologized to him everything.

172. What was the plan of Samrat to take revenge?
(A) To make a situation so that the teacher becomes hopeless.
(B) To kill the wife of the Guru
(C) To peep into his bedroom from the roof top
(D) To crush the teacher's head with a stone at night
173. In which system of education was Samrat studying?
(A) The system of read and recite
(B) The system of day and night school
(C) Staying in teacher's house and work for him
(D) The Gurukula system of learning Spanish
174. Why did the teacher not show affection to Samrat?
(A) He developed hatred towards him
(B) He knew that Samrat was a potential killer
(C) Samrat did not have sympathy towards teacher's wife
(D) The teacher had seen him talking with other boys
175. The purpose of the teacher to punish the boy was –
(A) To reform him as he was bad in studies
(B) To teach him as he was not paying attention
(C) To send message to the class to improve their behavior
(D) To make the boy vindictive
176. Which behavior irritated the teacher most?
(A) Going to roof top with granite stone
(B) Listening to the bedroom conversation
(C) Indulging into the conversation with other boys during class
(D) The weeping of Samrat
177. In the opinion of teacher's wife, Samrat was.....
(A) Most dishonest, insincere boy
(B) The best student in the class
(C) A short-tempered sensitive boy
(D) A student who deserved much more punishment
178. What was the Samrat's reaction on hearing the conversation in his teacher's bedroom?
(A) Should wait for the couple to sleep and kill them both
(B) How wrong am I to kill such a nice teacher
(C) I should jump onto the bed of the couple from roof top
(D) Alas! I should not have heard the conversation
179. Which of the following is TRUE in the context of the passage?
(A) The Gurukul system of education was forced on Samrat
(B) The teacher assaulted the student mercilessly
(C) The teacher's wife was astonished at the behavior of Samrat
(D) Samrat did not have guilt feeling even after hearing the conversation
180. Which of the following is NOT TRUE in the context of the passage?
(A) In old days boys at young age were sent to teacher's house
(B) But for bedroom conversation, Samrat would not have killed the teacher
(C) Samrat was the best student in the class
(D) The teacher's wife was of the view that Samrat might run away

181. What is the meaning of the word **Unleash**?
 (A) Release (B) Captivate
 (C) Control (D) Numerate

Directions (182-186) In the following question, some part of the sentence may have errors. Find out which part of the sentence has an error and select the appropriate option. If a sentence is free from error, select 'No Error'.

182. India emerged as the world's fifth largest(a)/ economy by overtaking the UK(b)/ and France in 2019, says a report(c)/ No Error(d)
 (A) a (B) b
 (C) c (D) d

183. India's real GDP growth, however, it said(a)/ is expected to weaken for the third(b)/ straight year from 7.5 per cent the 5 per cent(c)/ No Error(d)
 (A) a (B) b
 (C) c (D) d

184. But as a Chinese government mass detention campaign engulfed(a)/ Memtimin Emer's native Xinjiang region three years ago, the elderly imam was(b)/ swept up and locked away, along all three of his sons living in China(c)/ No Error(d)
 (A) a (B) b
 (C) c (D) d

185. Each entry includes the detainee's name, address, national identity number, detention date and(a)/ location, along with a detailed dossier on its family, religious(b)/ and neighborhood background, the reason for detention, and a decision on whether or not to release them(c)/ No Error(d)
 (A) a (B) b
 (C) c (D) d

186. Taken as a whole, the information offers the(a)/ fullest and most personal view still into how Chinese officials decided who(b)/ to put into and let out of detention camps(c)/ No Error(d)
 (A) a (B) b
 (C) c (D) d

Directions (187-196) In these questions, in the following passage some of the words have been left out. Read the passage carefully and choose the four alternatives and fill in the blanks.

Inside Keir Starmer's phonebank his187..... were speed-dialling: unlike the188..... of the hell of cold calling, this pool of fully engaged citizens, the rare numbers who belong to a political party, are keen to talk. I spoke with members from Midlothian to Walsall, Bolton to Bedfordshire, Norfolk to Deal, all with tales of the politics of their towns, their general election catastrophes – and the great divide between them. Voices from a189..... party included Jim from Birmingham. His local party nominated Starmer, but on a190..... turnout. "Not me, absolutely not Keir. He's a Trojan horse, a suited-and-booted191..... of the192....., a triangulator on the side of MPs who tried to vote out Jeremy Corbyn." Which of his policies does he oppose? "He won't introduce open selection of MPs. I'm193..... by most Labour MPs' behaviour in the last years." Trigger194..... to reselect Labour MPs195..... local parties, wastefully burning energy and emotion before being196..... in the run-up to the general election, so is that really what matters most after four election defeats? Yes, it seems so for members such as him:

"Keir's in with the MPs who say they'll quit if Rebecca Long-Bailey wins."

187. (A) Relying (B) Mission
 (C) Volunteers (D) None

188. (A) Carve (B) Acquirer
 (C) Buckle (D) Recipients

189. (A) Riven (B) Draw
 (C) Acquire (D) Wangle

190. (A) Hive (B) Parcel
 (C) Tiny (D) Atomize

191. (A) Knight (B) Polarize
 (C) Dissociate (D) Rankle

192. (A) Drift (B) Realm
 (C) Fork (D) Ramify

193. (A) Indivisible (B) Ravel
 (C) Mixed (D) Disgusted

194. (A) Depraved (B) Pool
 (C) Ballots (D) None

195. (A) Poisoned (B) Inextricable
 (C) Forked (D) Prophase

196. (A) Mascot (B) Mycology
 (C) Suspended (D) Monotheism

Directions (197-200) In the following question, a sentence has been given in Active/Passive voice. Out of four alternatives suggested, select the one, which best expresses the same sentence in Passive/Active Voice.

197. What one must do one must do properly.
 (A) What must be done must be done properly.
 (B) It must be done properly what one must do.
 (C) It must be done what one must do properly.
 (D) One must do properly what has to be done.

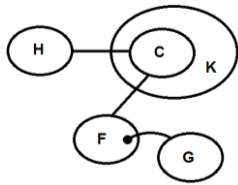
198. Look at the poll results-do they inspire hope?
 (A) Let the poll results be looked-is hope inspired by them?
 (B) Let the poll results be looked at-has hope been inspired by them?
 (C) Let the poll results be looked at-is hope being inspired by them?
 (D) Let the poll results be looked at-is hope inspired by them?

199. It is your duty to make tea at eleven O'clock.
 (A) You are asked to make tea at eleven O'clock.
 (B) You are required to make tea at eleven O'clock.
 (C) You are supposed to make tea at eleven O'clock.
 (D) Tea is to be made by you at eleven O'clock.

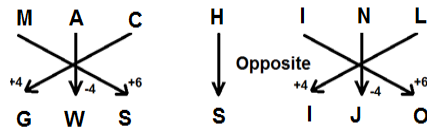
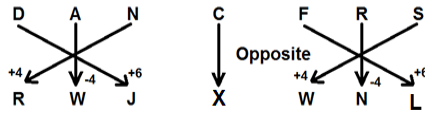
200. He was congratulated by his teacher on his brilliant success in the recent examination.
 (A) His teacher congratulated him on his brilliant success in the recent examination.
 (B) His teacher congratulated him for his success in the examination.
 (C) His teacher congratulated him on his success.
 (D) His teacher congratulated him.

General Intelligence & Reasoning

Ans.(1-2)



Ans.1(A)
Ans.2(B)
Ans.3(C)



Ans.4(B)

$27 \times (27-1) = 702$
 $33 \times (33-1) = 1056$

Ans.5(D)

First feed on second.

Ans.6(B)

$276 - 12 + 25 \times 121 \div 251 = 445$

After sign change

$276 \div 12 \times 25 + 121 - 251 = 445$

Ans.7(B)

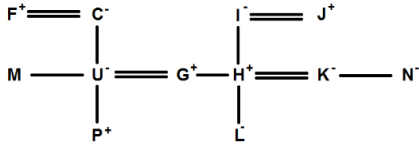
Ans.8(D)

Given word does not have "U".

Ans.9(A)

Ans.10(D)

Ans.(11-12)

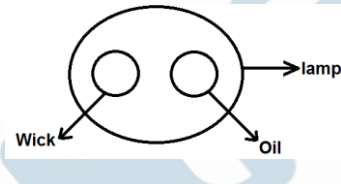


Ans.11(D)

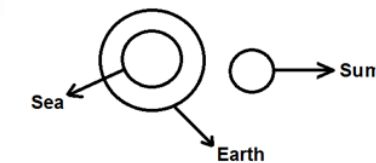
Gender of M is not clear.

Ans.12(A)

Ans.13(B)



Ans.14(D)



Ans.15(C)

In 1st column

$(36-23) (5+3) = 104$

Similarly in third column

$(42 - 30) (6+3) = 108$

Ans.16(D)

All others are grains, mustard is an oilseed.

Ans.17(C)

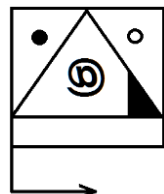
Except "C" all are divisible by "4".

Ans.18(B)

Ans.19(C)

Ans.20(A)

Ans.21(C)



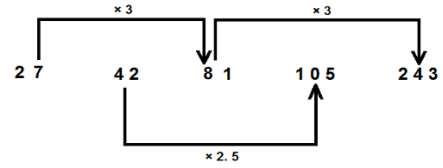
Ans.22(B)

Ans.23(C)

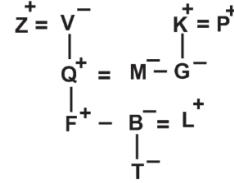
Ans.24(B)

Ans.25(D)

Ramesh < Shivam < Amit < Kriti < Mohan



Ans.(26-28)

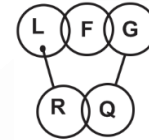


Ans.26(B)

Ans.27(C)

Ans.28(A)

Ans.(29-30)



Ans.29(C)

Ans.30(B)

Ans.31(B)

Ans.32(C)

Ans.33(D)

Given word does not have "L"

$36 \$ 28 \% 32$

$(36 + 28) (3 + 2) = 320$

Similarly

$(25 + 26) (4 + 3) = 357$

$S + 3 = V$ $B + 3 = E$

$T + 5 = Y$ $O + 5 = T$

$U + 7 = B$ $O + 7 = V$

$D + 9 = M$ $K + 9 = T$

$Y + 11 = J$ $S + 11 = D$

Ans.34(C)

Ans.35(C)

$23 \times (23 + 2) = 575$

$37 \times (37 + 2) = 1443$

Ans.36(A)

Study of Earthquake is seismology.

Ans.(37-40)

| Floors | Persons |
|--------|---------|
| 8 | Amit |
| 7 | Bhanu |
| 6 | Dhruv |
| 5 | Faizan |
| 4 | Evan |
| 3 | Chandan |
| 2 | Gyaaan |
| 1 | Himesh |

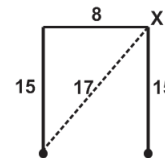
Ans.37(C)

Ans.38(C)

Ans.39(D)

Ans.40(D)

Ans.(41-42)



Ans.41(C)

Ans.42(C)

Ans.(43-45)

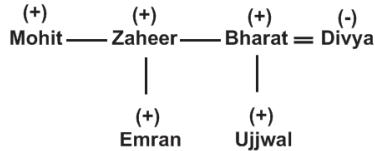
- Juice → fsa
- is → fja
- tea → fha
- black → fka
- very / tasty → fta / fla
- Sweet / and → fpa / fra

Ans.43(C)
 Ans.44(B)
 Ans.45(D)
 Ans.46(A)
 Ans.47(D)
 Ans.48(C)

Except "A" all are citrus fruit.
 Cube of 26 is 17576.

↓ Yami Sonu Bheem Vijay Zuberi

Ans.49(C)



Ans.50(C)

KAERB

General Awareness

Ans.51(B) Uttar Pradesh state is first in production of Sugarcane.
 Ans.52(B) Willandra Lakes Region-a UNESCO Heritage site is located in Australia.
 Ans.53(D) The headquarters of International Astronomical Union (IAU) is located in
 Ans.54(D) The largest river of all the west flowing rivers of the peninsular India is Narmada.
 Ans.55(D)
 Ans.56(B) To look total image of a person, the minimum height of a plane mirror is Half of the height of a person.
 Ans.57(B) In medieval India, designations 'Mahattara' and 'Pattakila' were used for Village Headman.
 Ans.58(B) Lichens are actually a symbiotic association of Algae and fungi.
 Ans.59(B) The playing time of the full version of Indian National Anthem is 52 second.
 Ans.60(B) A long-term start-up capital provided to new entrepreneurs.
 Ans.61(B) Qutubuddin Aibak was the founder Slave dynasty.
 Ans.62(D) The Widal test is a Serological test for (Enteric Fever) or Typhoid Fever.
 Ans.63(C)
 Ans.64(A)
 Ans.65(B) Dairy comes under primary sector of Indian Economy.
 Ans.66(A) In Democratic government each adult citizen must have one vote and each vote must have one value.
 Ans.67(D) Teach 'Text' is a text editor in Macintosh operating systems.
 Ans.68(D) In stems, the protoxylem lies towards the centre and the metaxylem lies towards the periphery of the organ. This type of primary xylem is called Endarch.
 Ans.69(C)
 Ans.70(A) Indore
 Ans.71(B) Fixed account
 Ans.72(D) Inter-State Council: Article 263
 Ans.73(A) Reverse Osmosis
 Ans.74(A) In the 17th Lok Sabha elections, Bihar has registered the maximum none of the above (NOTA) votes option.
 Ans.75(B) Laver Cup is related to Tennis.
 Ans.76(D) Venus is known as the 'morning star'.
 Ans.77(A) The chairman and members of the UPSC are appointed by the President. According to Articles 317, the President can remove a member if he is

found guilty of misbehavior by the Chairman of UPSC.

Ans.78(A) Hampi is an ancient village in the south Indian state of Karnataka. It's dotted with numerous ruined temple complexes from the Vijayanagara Empire.
 Ans.79(D) Bambusa Dendroctonus is the scientific name of Bamboo.
 Ficus benghalensis is the scientific name of Banyan.
 Carica papaya is the scientific name of Papaya.
 Punica granatum is the scientific name of Pomegranate.
 Ans.80(A) Viceroy of India at the time of World War-I was Lord Chelmsford.
 Ans.81(A) The founder of Gmail is Paul Buchheit. The World Wide Web (abbreviated WWW or the Web) is an information space where documents and other web resources are identified by Uniform Resource Locators (URLs), interlinked by hypertext links, and accessible via the Internet. English scientist Tim Berners-Lee invented the World Wide Web in 1989. He wrote the first web browser in 1990 while employed at CERN in Switzerland.
 Ans.82(D) The atomic number of Copper Iron Chromium Bromine and zinc is 29, 26, 24, 35 and 30.
 Ans.83(B) The murder of British officer Saunders against bludgeoned on Lahore Lala Lajpat Rai.
 Ans.84(D) Chang Lo dance is performed by Chang tribe of Nagaland. They perform it to celebrate their victory against enemies. It is a three-day festival where the drama is also performed.
 Ans.85(B) Meghalaya is the state of India in which the first train service started in 2014.
 Ans.86(B) In 1999 Nationalist Congress Party (NCP) was founded.
 Ans.87(B) Bhutan is more than 30% of which belongs to the National Park.
 Ans.88(D) Anthracite is a hard, compact variety of coal that has a submetallic lustre. It has the highest carbon content, the fewest impurities, and the highest energy density of all types of coal except for graphite.
 Ans.89(B) Part-5 of the constitution is related to president post.
 Ans.90(A) Excess of amino acids is broken down to form urea in Kidney.
 Ans.91(C) It is not advisable to sleep under a tree at night because of the Release of carbon dioxide.
 Blood is formed by connective Tissue.
 Berlin: Avon
 Ans.92(A)
 Ans.93(A)
 Ans.94(C)
 Ans.95(D) IRDAI's headquarter at Hyderabad.
 Ans.96(D) Tax on Local fairs is collected by Panchayat.
 Ans.97(A) Gajendra Singh Shekhawat
 Ans.98(B) Government has approved a scheme to control the foot and mouth disease (FMD) and brucellosis with a total outlay of Rs. 13,343 crore to fully control these diseases amongst the livestock in the five years.
 Ans.99(C)
 Ans.100(A) Indian Institute of Technology (IIT), Guwahati

English Language and Comprehension

Ans.101(C)
 Ans.102(A)
 Ans.103(D)
 Ans.104(C)
 Ans.105(A) Sells is the correct choice. We use the simple present tense when an action is happening right now, or when it happens regularly. In the third

- person singular the verb always ends in -s: he wants, she needs, he gives, she thinks.
- Ans.106(D)** Use adjective here which is Pharmaceutical that means relating to medicinal drugs, or their preparation, use, or sale.
- Ans.107(C)** Potentially is the adverb which means with the capacity to develop or happen in the future.
- Ans.108(B)** Few is a negative quantifier, and means 'fewer than expected. A few means 'a small, but still positive, number'.
- Ans.109(D)** Shrinking means becoming smaller in size or amount.
- Ans.110(D)** Outpouring means something that streams out rapidly.
- Ans.111(A)** Seduce means entice (someone) to do or believe something inadvisable or foolhardy.
- Ans.112(A)** Misdemeanour means a minor wrongdoing.
- Ans.113(C)** Internalize means make (attitudes or behaviour) part of one's nature by learning or unconscious assimilation.
- Ans.114(C)** Innuendo means an allusive or oblique remark or hint, typically a suggestive or disparaging one.
- Ans.115(D)** Tarnish means lose or cause to lose lustre, especially as a result of exposure to air or moisture. Polish means make the surface of (something) smooth and shiny by rubbing it.
- Ans.116(C)** Heft means lift or carry (something heavy).
- Ans.117(A)** Gravamen means the essence or most serious part of a complaint or accusation. Insignificant means too small or unimportant to be worth consideration.
- Ans.118(A)** Incumbent means necessary for (someone) as a duty or responsibility. Optional means available to be chosen but not obligatory.
- Ans.119(D)** Saddle means burden (someone) with an onerous responsibility or task. Comfort means a state of physical ease and freedom from pain or constraint.
- Ans.120(C)** An exclamatory sentence expresses state of joy, sorrow or wonder, to change them into Indirect Speech, specific words (i.e. exclaimed with joy, exclaimed with sorrow, exclaimed with wonder) are added to the sentence.
- Ans.121(C)** Sentence is Universal truth so it cannot be changed.
- Ans.122(A)** Future simple
(Subject+ will/shall+V1+object)
Present Conditional
(Subject+ would+V1+object)
- Ans.123(B)** "Said to" will change into "told"
Else sentence is Universal truth so it cannot be changed.
- Ans.124(D)** Present perfect
(Subject + has/have+V3+Object)
Past perfect
(Subject+had+V3+Object)
- Ans.125(A)** Past simple
(Subject+V2+Object)
Past perfect
(Subject+had+V3+Object)
- Ans.126(A)** Sentences containing expressions of good wishes, prayer for someone or desires are called optative sentences. The reporting verb is changed according to the mood of the expression. In such cases and the reported speech is changed into assertive.
- Ans.127(C)** If the reported speech expresses a universal truth/a habitual fact then the tense of the reported speech remains the same
- Ans.128(D)** If the reported speech contains a time clause and the verbs (including main verb) are in simple past, the verbs remain same.
- Ans.129(B)** If main verb is in simple past and time clause verb is past continuous, usually main verb changes into past perfect and the time clause verb remains same.
- Ans.130(B)** The central bank has started many measures to get greater financial inclusion is the correct option.
- Ans.131(C)** GCCs facility was for bigger deposits and credits is the correct option.
- Ans.132(A)** To exchange higher notes so that corrupt officers could be tracked down is the correct option.
- Ans.133(D)**
Ans.134(D)
Ans.135(A) Exclusion means the process of excluding or the state of being excluded.
- Ans.136(A)** Exhorted means strongly encourage or urge (someone) to do something.
- Ans.137(A)** "Sunday" should be replace by "Sunday's".
Use the apostrophe to show possession. To show possession with a singular noun, add an apostrophe plus the letter s.
- Ans.138(B)** Add "Due" before "to".
"Due to" should only be used as an adjective and come after a noun. Due to means because of; owing to.
- Ans.139(D)** No Error.
- Ans.140(B)** Change "Themself" into "Themselves".
"Themself" is not a word. Reflexive pronouns are myself, ourselves, yourself (singular), yourselves (plural), her-, him-, or itself, and themselves.
- Ans.141(A)** Change "Another" into "other".
The words another and other mean the same thing, except that another is used with a singular noun and other is used with uncountable and plural nouns.
- Ans.142(B)**
Ans.143(A)
Ans.144(C)
Ans.145(D)
Ans.146(D)
Ans.147(C) Potentially means with the capacity to develop or happen in the future.
- Ans.148(A)** Quarantine means a state, period, or place of isolation in which people or animals that have arrived from elsewhere or been exposed to infectious or contagious disease are placed.
- Ans.149(B)** Diagnosed means identify the nature of (an illness or other problem) by examination of the symptoms.
- Ans.150(D)** Isolation means the process or fact of isolating or being isolated.
- Ans.151(C)** Possibility means a thing that may happen or be the case.
- Ans.152(D)** Active Voice
Subject + is/am/are+ v1+ ing + object.
Passive Voice
Object+ is/am/are+ being+ V3+ by + subject.
- Ans.153(A)** Active Voice
Subject + has/have+ v3+ object
Passive Voice
Object+ has/have+ been+ V3+ by + subject
- Ans.154(B)** In such case "who" will change into "by whom".
Rule:
By whom + subject + (was /were) + V3 + other agents.
- Ans.155(B)** The form of 'To be' – been
Object + been + Past Participle of Verb + by Subject
- Ans.156(C)** Active voice
(Sub + modal + V1 + object.)
Passive voice
(Object + modal + be + V3 + by+ Sub.)

- Ans.157(B)** This is the correct formation
- Ans.158(A)** This is the correct formation
- Ans.159(A)** Active
Subject + has/have+ v3+ object
Passive
Object+ has/have+ been+ V3+ by + subject
- Ans.160(B)** Active Voice
Sub + V2 + Object.
Passive Voice
Object + was/were + V3 + by + Sub.
- Ans.161(D)** If Active Voice is in Modal continuous form, viz. Sub + Modal + be + V1 + ing + Object there will be no Passive Voice.
- Ans.162(A)** Woke meaning (woke smeared- It's a slang) actively aware of systemic injustices and prejudices, especially those related to civil and human rights. Smeared means to publicly accuse someone of something unpleasant, unreasonable, or unlikely to be true in order to harm their reputation.
- Ans.163(D)** Perceptions mean the ability to see, hear, or become aware of something through the senses.
- Ans.164(B)** Mangled means destroy or severely damage by tearing or crushing.
- Ans.165(B)** Fabricated means invent (something) in order to deceive.
- Ans.166(C)** Gullible means easily persuaded to believe something; credulous.
- Ans.167(D)** Disclosure means the action of making new or secret information known.
- Ans.168(C)** Gag means choke or retch.
- Ans.169(A)** Bully means seek to harm, intimidate, or coerce (someone perceived as vulnerable).
- Ans.170(B)** Payoffs meaning payment made to someone, especially as a bribe or on leaving a job.
- Ans.171(B)** Predatory means (of an animal) preying naturally on others or seeking to exploit others.
- Ans.172(D)** To crush the teacher's head with a stone at night is the correct option.
- Ans.173(D)** The Gurukula system of learning Spanish is the correct option.
- Ans.174(D)** The teacher had seen him talking with other boys is the correct option.
- Ans.175(B)** To teach him as he was not paying attention is the correct option.
- Ans.176(C)** Indulging into the conversation with other boys during class is the correct option.
- Ans.177(B)** The best student in the class is the correct option.
- Ans.178(B)** How wrong am I to kill such a nice teacher is the correct option.
- Ans.179(B)** The teacher assaulted the student mercilessly is the correct option.
- Ans.180(A)** In old days boys at young age were sent to teacher's house is the correct option.
- Ans.181(A)** Unleash means cause (a strong or violent force) to be released or become unrestrained.
- Ans.182(D)**
- Ans.183(C)** Change "The" with "To"
"From" always takes "To" with it.
- Ans.184(C)** Use "With" after "Along"
Along with means in addition to (something or someone).
- Ans.185(B)** Change "its" with "their". 'Their' stands for multiple owners but can include people, such as the car belonging to our friends. 'Its' stands for a something belonging to a thing, such as a book's pages, or an animal.
- Ans.186(B)** Change "Still" into "Yet". The word yet is mainly used to refer to something that a person is waiting for and expecting, but that hasn't happened so far. The word still is used mainly to

refer to something that began in the past and is continuing into the present.

- Ans.187(C)** Volunteers means a person who does something, especially helping other people, willingly and without being forced or paid to do it.
- Ans.188(D)** Recipients mean a person who receives something.
- Ans.189(A)** Riven means split or tear apart violently.
- Ans.190(C)** Tiny means very small.
- Ans.191(A)** Knight means (in the Middle Ages) a man who served his sovereign or lord as a mounted soldier in armour.
- Ans.192(B)** Realm means a kingdom.
- Ans.193(D)** Disgusted means feeling or expressing revulsion or strong disapproval.
- Ans.194(C)** Ballots mean a system of voting secretly and in writing on a particular issue.
- Ans.195(A)** Poisoned means administer poison to (a person or animal), either deliberately or accidentally.
- Ans.196(C)** Suspended means (of a sentence) imposed by a judge or court but not enforced as long as no further offence is committed within a specified period.
- Ans.197(A)**
- Ans.198(D)** The object you is generally missing in Imperative Sentences. The structure of such sentences in Passive Voice is: Let + object + be/not be + V3
- Ans.199(C)** The sentence which expresses a prayer, keen wish, curse etc. is called an optative sentence.
- Ans.200(A)** Sentence is in Passive Voice so translate this sentence into Passive voice.
Active Voice
Subject + V2+ object
Passive Voice
Object+ was/were V3+ by + subject

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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATE

अधिकतम अंक : 200
कुल प्रश्न : 200
निर्धारित समय : 120

प्रश्नों को हल करने से पहले निम्नलिखित निर्देशों को ध्यान से पढ़ें।

- (1) इस पुस्तिका में 200 प्रश्न हैं, जो कि कुल तीन भागों में विभाजित हैं।
भाग-(I) : General Intelligence & Reasoning (50 प्रश्न)
भाग-(II) : General Awareness (50 प्रश्न)
भाग-(III) : English Language and Comprehension (100 प्रश्न)
- (2) सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं तथा सबके बराबर अंक हैं।
- (3) प्रश्नों को हल करना प्रारम्भ करने से पहले आपको इस पुस्तिका की जांच करनी चाहिए और यह सुनिश्चित करना चाहिए कि इसमें सभी पृष्ठ उपस्थित हैं और कोई पृष्ठ कम या बदला हुआ नहीं है। अगर आपको इस पुस्तिका में कोई दोष मिलता है, तो आपको तुरंत इसे बदलना होगा।
- (4) प्रत्येक प्रश्न में नकारात्मक अंकन होता है क्योंकि प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए 0.25 अंक काट दिया जाएगा।
- (5) आपको निरीक्षक द्वारा उत्तर पुस्तिका अलग से दी जाएगी। आपको प्रश्नों को हल करना प्रारम्भ करने से पहले अपना नाम, रोल नंबर, टेस्ट नाम / आईडी और / परीक्षा का नाम उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर सावधानीपूर्वक पूरा करना होगा। आपको उत्तर-पुस्तिका में निर्धारित स्थान पर अपना हस्ताक्षर भी करना होगा। इन निर्देशों का पूरी तरह से पालन किया जाना चाहिए, जिसको न करने पर आपकी उत्तर-पुस्तिका का मूल्यांकन नहीं किया जाएगा और आपको 'शून्य' अंक दिया जाएगा।
- (6) उत्तर केवल पेंसिल या ब्लैक/ब्लू बॉल पेन द्वारा उत्तर-पुस्तिका प्रासंगिक प्रश्न संख्या के सम्बंधित गोले को पूरी तरह से ब्लैक करके दिखाया जाना चाहिए।
- (7) OMR उत्तर पुस्तिका को एक मशीन द्वारा जांचा जायेगा। यदि किसी स्थिति में उपलब्ध जानकारी, आवेदन पत्र में दी गयी जानकारी से अलग पायी गयी, तो आवेदक का आवेदन निरस्त कर दिया जायेगा।
- (8) निरीक्षक की अनुमति मिलने के बाद ही कोई परीक्षा कक्ष छोड़ सकता है।
- (9) उपरोक्त में से किसी भी निर्देश का अनुपालन करने में विफल उम्मीदवार को उपयुक्त कार्यवाही/जुर्माना के लिए उत्तरदायी समझा जा सकता है।
- (10) जितनी जल्दी हो सके उतनी जल्दी और सावधानी से प्रश्नों का उत्तर दें। कुछ सवाल कठिन हो सकते हैं और दूसरे आसान हो सकते हैं। किसी भी प्रश्न पर ज्यादा समय नहीं बिताएं।
- (11) मोबाइल फोन और वायरलेस संचार उपकरण, परीक्षा कक्ष/कमरे में पूरी तरह से प्रतिबंधित हैं। कोई भी आवेदक अपने मोबाइल का या किसी वायरलेस संचार उपकरण को बंद करके भी अपने पास नहीं रख सकता। नियम का उल्लंघन करने पर आवेदक के विरुद्ध उचित कार्यवाही की जायेगी और उसका आवेदन भी निरस्त किया जा सकता है।
- (12) उत्तर-पत्र पर कोई रफ काम नहीं किया जाना चाहिए।
- (13) कोई भी उम्मीदवार परीक्षा पूरा होने से पहले परीक्षा कक्ष नहीं छोड़ सकता है।

परीक्षार्थी का नाम :.....
दिनांक :..... परीक्षा कोड
अनुक्रमांक :.....

जब तक आपको यह परीक्षण पुस्तिका खोलने को न कहा जाए तब तक न खोलें

General Intelligence & Reasoning

दिशा निर्देश (1-2) नीचे दिए गए प्रश्न में कुछ कथन और उनके बाद उन कथनों पर आधारित कुछ निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। हालाँकि उनमें सामान्य ज्ञात तथ्यों से भिन्नता हो सकती है। सभी निष्कर्ष पढ़े फिर निर्धारित करें कि दिए गए कौन से निष्कर्ष, दिए गए कथनों के अधार पर युक्तिसंग हैं।

- (A) केवल निष्कर्ष I सही है। (B) केवल निष्कर्ष II सही है।
(C) दोनों निष्कर्ष सही है। (D) दोनों निष्कर्ष गलत है।

1. कथन : सभी C, K है। कोई C, H नहीं है।
कुछ F, G नहीं है। कोई C, F नहीं है।
निष्कर्ष : (I) सभी G के C होने की संभावना है।
(II) सभी H, C है।

2. निष्कर्ष : (I) 30% C, F नहीं है, एक संभावना है।
(II) सभी F, H है, एक संभावना है।

दिशा निर्देश (3-5) निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में दिए गए, विकल्पों में से सम्बन्धित शब्द/अक्षर/संख्या को चुनिए।

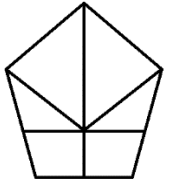
3. DANCERS : RWJXWNL :: MACHINE : ?
(A) GVTJSJKO (B) GWSTKJJP
(C) GWSSIJO (D) GVUVKJJP

4. 27 : 702 :: 33 : ?
(A) 978 (B) 1056
(C) 1172 (D) 952

5. कौआ : कैरियन :: लीच : ?
(A) पानी (B) हड्डी
(C) मीट (D) खून

6. यदि "+" का अर्थ "x" है, "x" का अर्थ "+" है, "÷" का अर्थ "-" है और "-" का अर्थ "÷" है तो बताए कौन से विकल्प का उत्तर चिह्न बदलने के बाद सही होगा ?
(A) $329 \times 120 + 12 \div 361 - 132 = 282$
(B) $276 - 12 + 25 \times 121 \div 251 = 445$
(C) $287 \div 234 + 132 \times 27 \div 254 = 480$
(D) $381 + 128 \times 210 \div 260 - 132 = 387$

7. दी गई आकृति में त्रिभुजों की संख्या ज्ञात करें ?



- (A) 8 (B) 10
(C) 12 (D) 11

8. निम्न प्रश्न में दिए गए वैकल्पिक शब्दों में से उस शब्द को चुनें जिसका निर्माण करके नहीं किया जा सकता है ?

STETHOSCOPE

- (A) TOOTH (B) SHOP
(C) SCOOP (D) HOUSE

दिशा निर्देश (9-10) निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में दिए गए कथनों में विभिन्न तत्वों के बीच एक संबंध दिखाया गया है। इन कथनों के बाद चार निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। आपको यह तय करना होगा कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष निश्चित रूप से कथन का अनुकरण करता है।

- (A) केवल निष्कर्ष I सही है। (B) केवल निष्कर्ष II सही है।
(C) दोनों निष्कर्ष सही है। (D) दोनों निष्कर्ष गलत है।

9. कथन : $H < F < A > B \geq C$, $U < F > M \geq K$
निष्कर्ष : (I) $A > F$ (II) $F < C$

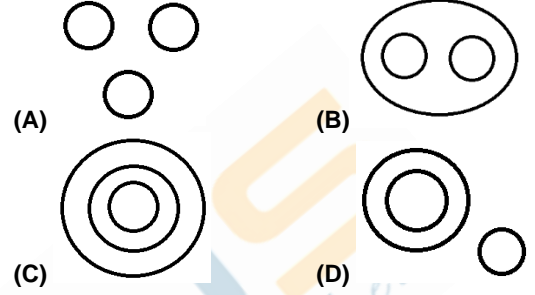
10. कथन : $H < F < A > B \geq C$, $U < F > M \geq K$
निष्कर्ष : (I) $M < B$ (II) $K < C$

दिशा निर्देश (11-12) एक संयुक्त परिवार में F, C का पति है, C जो कि U और M की माँ है। G, P का पिता है और P, U का पुत्र है। J, I का पति है और I, H की माँ है। N, K की बहन है और K, L की माँ है। L, H की पुत्री है और H, G का भाई है।

11. M का F से संबंध बताएं ?
(A) पुत्र (B) दामाद
(C) पिता (D) निर्धारित नहीं किया जा सकता

12. J का L से संबंध बताएं ?
(A) दादा (B) नाना
(C) ससुर (D) निर्धारित नहीं किया जा सकता

दिशा निर्देश (13-14) सही चित्र का चयन करें जो दिये गये शब्दों का सही संबंध दर्शाता है ?



13. तेल, बाती, दीपक
14. सागर, पृथ्वी, सूर्य
15. दी गई आकृति में लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात करें

| | | |
|-----|-----|----|
| 23 | 13 | 30 |
| 53 | 35 | 63 |
| 36 | 28 | 42 |
| 104 | 120 | ? |

- (A) 125 (B) 130
(C) 108 (D) 146

दिशा निर्देश (16-17) निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में दिए गए, विषम शब्द/ अक्षर/ संख्या को चुनिए।

16. (A) ज्वार (B) धान
(C) गेहूँ (D) सरसों

17. (A) 7824 (B) 6264
(C) 7642 (D) 6348

18. अंग्रेजी शब्दकोश के क्रमानुसार निम्नलिखित शब्दों को व्यवस्थित करें?
1. TORTOISE 2. TORONTO 3. TORPE
4. TORSEL 5. TORUS
(A) 24351 (B) 23415
(C) 32451 (D) 23154

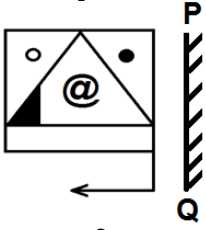
दिशा निर्देश Q (19-20) एक कूट भाषा में "he food school" को "gmh fgc klm", लिखते हैं "School opens Sunday" को "rhv klm brk" लिखते हैं और "food serve good" को "vrh fgc qbg" लिखते हैं।

19. दी गई कूट भाषा में "he" का कोड बताएं ?
(A) fgc (B) klm
(C) gmh (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

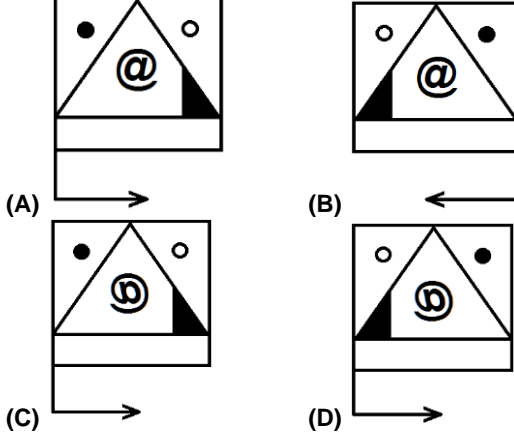
20. "klm" के लिए शब्द बताएं ?
(A) School (B) food
(C) he (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

21. दी गई उत्तर आकृतियों में से कौन सी दी गई आकृति का सही प्रतिबिम्ब है। जब दर्पण को PQ पर रखा जाये?

प्रश्न आकृति

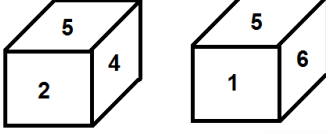


उत्तर आकृति



22. शिवम, कृति से छोटा है लेकिन रमेश से लंबा है। मोहन सबसे लंबा है। अमित, कृति से थोड़ा छोटा है और शिवम से थोड़ा लंबा है। यदि वह लम्बाई बढ़ने के क्रम में खड़े हो, तो दूसरा सबसे लंबा कौन होगा?
- (A) अमित (B) कृति
(C) शिवम (D) अमित

23. एक पासे की दो स्थित दर्शायी गई है तो बताएं "4" संख्या के विपरीत कौन सी संख्या होगी?



- (A) 3 (B) 1
(C) 6 (D) 4

24. यदि आज मंगलवार है तो 46 दिन के बाद कौन सा दिन होगा ?
- (A) शुक्रवार (B) शनिवार
(C) रविवार (D) गुरुवार

25. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में दिए गए विकल्पों में से लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए ?
27, 42, 81, 105, ?
- (A) 132 (B) 276
(C) 189 (D) 243

दिशा निर्देश (26-28) Z, V का पति है और V, Q की माँ है। T, L की पुत्री है और L, B का पति है। B, F की बहन है और F, Q का पुत्र। P, K का पति है और K, G की माँ है। G, M की बहन है और M, Q की पत्नी है।

26. Z का B से सम्बन्ध बताएं?
- (A) पोता (B) दादा
(C) ससुर (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं
27. P का Q से सम्बन्ध बताएं?
- (A) पिता (B) दामाद
(C) ससुर (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं
28. B का M से सम्बन्ध बताएं?
- (A) पुत्री (B) दामाद
(C) ससुर (D) निर्धारित नहीं हो सकता

दिशा निर्देश (29-30) नीचे दिए गए प्रश्न में कुछ कथन और उनके बाद उन कथनों पर आधारित कुछ निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। हालाँकि उनमें सामान्य ज्ञात तथ्यों से भिन्नता हो सकती है। सभी निष्कर्ष पढ़े फिर निर्धारित करें कि दिए गए कौन से निष्कर्ष, दिए गए कथनों के अधार पर युक्तिसंगत हैं।

(A) केवल निष्कर्ष I सही है। (B) केवल निष्कर्ष II सही है।
(C) दोनों निष्कर्ष सही है। (D) दोनों निष्कर्ष गलत है।

कथन: कुछ L, F है।
कोई G, Q नहीं है।
कुछ L, R नहीं है।

कुछ F, G है।
कुछ Q, R है।

29. निष्कर्ष: I. सभी L के Q होने की संभावना है।
II. कुछ R, G नहीं हैं।
30. निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ F, R नहीं हैं।
II. सभी L के G होने की संभावना है।
31. दी गई आकृति में त्रिभुजों की संख्या ज्ञात करें ?



- (A) 15 (B) 16
(C) 17 (D) 18

32. निम्न प्रश्न में दिए गए वैकल्पिक शब्दों में से उस शब्द को चुनें जिसका निर्माण करके नहीं किया जा सकता है ?

DETERMINATION

- (A) METER (B) TERMINATED
(C) MINERAL (D) RATIO

33. यदि, $36 \$ 28 \% 32 = 320$ और $27 \$ 31 \% 39 = 696$ तो दी गई पंक्ति का मान बताएं—
 $25 \$ 26 \% 43 = ?$
- (A) 676 (B) 387
(C) 528 (D) 357

दिशा निर्देश (34-36) निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में दिए गए विकल्पों में से सम्बन्धित शब्द/अक्षर/संख्या को चुनिए।

34. STUDY : VYBMJ :: BOOKS : ?
- (A) DUWTE (B) EVXVD
(C) ETVTD (D) DTXTE

35. 23 : 575 :: 37 : ?
- (A) 876 (B) 982
(C) 1443 (D) 1123

36. पक्षी : ऑरनीथोलॉजी :: भूकम्प : ?
- (A) सीसमोलॉजी (B) टैक्सनोलॉजी
(C) मायोलॉजी (D) क्वैकोलॉजी

दिशा निर्देश (37-40) निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें—

आठ व्यक्ति हैं, अमित, भानु, चंदन, ध्रुव, इवान, फैजान, ज्ञान और हिमेश, एक से आठ तक आठ अलग-अलग मंजिलों पर रहते हैं। ग्राउंड फ्लोर नंबर 1 है और टॉप फ्लोर नंबर आठ पर है लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि उसी क्रम में हो। केवल तीन व्यक्ति उस मंजिल से नीचे रहते हैं, जिस पर इवान रहता है। जिस मंजिल पर इवान और हिमेश रहते हैं, उसके बीच दो व्यक्ति रहते हैं। जिस मंजिल पर इवान और अमित रहते हैं, उसके बीच एक से अधिक लोग रहते हैं। चंदन, ज्ञान से तुरन्त ऊपर रहता है। चंदन विषम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर रहता है। भानु और फैजान के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति रहता है। भानु ऊपर की एक मंजिल पर रहता है, जिस पर फैजान रहता है। ध्रुव सम नंबर मंजिल पर रहता है लेकिन दूसरी मंजिल पर नहीं रहता है।

37. इवान से तुरन्त ऊपर कौन रहता है?

- (A) चंदन
(C) फैजान
38. ज्ञान किस तल पर रहता है?
(A) तीसरी
(C) दूसरी
39. विषम चुनें ?
(A) भानू
(C) फैजान
40. सबसे ऊपर तल पर कौन रहता है?
(A) भानू
(C) इवान
- (B) ज्ञान
(D) इनमें से कोई नहीं
- (B) सातवीं
(D) इनमें से कोई नहीं
- (B) चंदन
(D) इवान
- (B) हिमेश
(D) अमित

दिशा निर्देश (41-42) राहुल उत्तर की ओर 15 मीटर चलकर बिंदु X पर पहुँचता है, फिर बाएँ मुड़कर 8 मीटर चलता है। उसने फिर से एक बायाँ मोड़ लिया और 15 मीटर चला और रुक गया।

41. बिंदु X और अंतिम बिंदु के बीच की दूरी बताएं ?
(A) 15 मीटर
(C) 17 मीटर
42. अंतिम बिंदु के सापेक्ष से बिंदु X की दिशा बताएं ?
(A) उत्तर-पश्चिम
(C) उत्तर-पूर्व
- (B) 20 मीटर
(D) 18 मीटर
- (B) दक्षिण-पश्चिम
(D) दक्षिण-पूर्व

दिशा निर्देश (43-45) निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें-

एक निश्चित कोड भाषा में 'juice is very tasty' को 'fta fla fja fsa' के रूप में लिखा जाता है, 'tea is black' को 'fha fja fka' के रूप में लिखा जाता है और 'sweet juice and tea' को 'fha fpa fsa fra' के रूप में लिखा जाता है

43. दी गई कोड भाषा में "tea" को क्या लिखते हैं?
(A) fja
(C) fha
44. "fka" के लिए उचित शब्द बताएं ?
(A) tea
(C) tasty
45. दी गई कोड भाषा में "tasty" का कोड बताएं ?
(A) fla
(C) fta
- (B) fka
(D) निर्धारित नहीं हो सकता
- (B) black
(D) इनमें से कोई नहीं
- (B) fha
(D) या तो (A) या (C)

दिशा निर्देश (46-47) निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में दिए गए, विषम शब्द/अक्षर/संख्या को चुनिए।

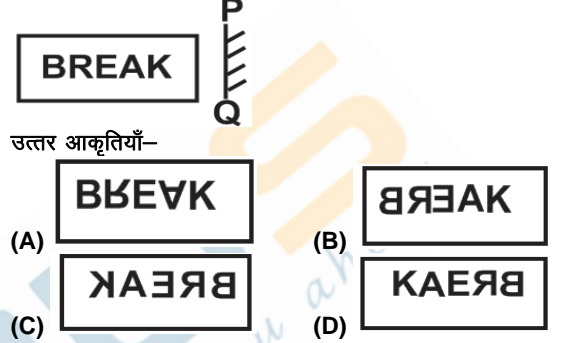
46. (A) सेब
(C) ग्रेप फ्रूट
47. (A) 17- 4913
(C) 19- 6859
- (B) संतरा
(D) क्लेमेनटाइन
- (B) 22- 10648
(D) 26- 17486

दिशा निर्देश (48-49) नीचे प्रत्येक प्रश्न में एक प्रश्न के साथ दो कथनों संख्या I तथा II दी गई हैं। आपको यह निर्धारित करना है कि कथनों में दिया गया डाटा प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए पर्याप्त है या नहीं।

- (A) यदि कथन I में दिया गया डाटा प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए पर्याप्त है परन्तु कथन II का डाटा प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए पर्याप्त नहीं है।
(B) यदि कथन II में दिया गया डाटा प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए पर्याप्त है परन्तु कथन I का डाटा प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए पर्याप्त नहीं है।
(C) यदि दोनों दिए कथन I और II प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए आवश्यक है।

(D) यदि दोनों दिए कथन I और II प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए पर्याप्त नहीं है।

48. विजय, सोनू, भीम, यामी और जुबेरी दक्षिण की ओर मुँह करके एक सीधी रेखा में बैठे हैं इनमें से कौन ठीक बीच में बैठा है ?
I. सोनू विजय के दाहिने ओर दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। जुबेरी, यामी का तत्काल पड़ोसी नहीं है।
II. विजय, यामी के बाएँ से तीसरे स्थान पर है। सोनू भीम के तुरन्त दाहिने तरफ बैठा है।
49. भरत इमरान से संबंधित कैसे है ?
I. मोहित और जहीर भरत के भाई हैं और इमरान, जहीर के बेटे हैं।
II. दिव्या उज्जवल की माँ हैं जो भरत के बेटे हैं।
50. दी गई उत्तर आकृतियों में से कौन सी दी गई आकृति का सही प्रतिबिम्ब है। जब दर्पण को PQ पर रखा जाये ?
प्रश्न आकृति-



उत्तर आकृतियाँ-

51. कौन सा राज्य गन्ना उत्पादन में प्रथम है?
(A) पंजाब
(C) हरियाणा
52. विलंड्रा झील क्षेत्र- एक यूनेस्को हेरिटेज साइट कहाँ स्थित है-
(A) अमरीका
(C) यूके
53. अंतर्राष्ट्रीय खगोलीय संघ (आईएयू) का मुख्यालय स्थित है:
(A) जिनेवा
(C) न्यूयॉर्क
54. प्रायद्वीपीय भारत की सभी पश्चिमी की दिशा में बहने वाली नदियों में सबसे बड़ी नदी है:
(A) ताप्ती
(C) कृष्णा
55. कोरोना-धमनी बाई-पास सर्जरी में जो रक्तवाहिका ग्राफ्ट हेतु प्रयोग में लायी जाती है, वह होती है-
(A) पाँव से ली गई शिरा
(B) अग्र हस्त से ली गई धमनी
(C) सीने/छाती के वक्षस्थान से ली गई धमनी
(D) इनमें से कोई भी
56. किसी व्यक्ति का पूरा प्रतिबिम्ब देखने के लिए एक समतल दर्पण की न्यूनतम ऊँचाई होती है-
(A) व्यक्ति की ऊँचाई के बराबर
(C) व्यक्ति की ऊँचाई की एक-चौथाई
(D) व्यक्ति की ऊँचाई की दोगुनी
57. मध्यकालीन भारत में 'महत्तर' और 'पट्टकिल' पदनाम किनके लिए प्रयुक्त होते थे?
(A) सैन्य अधिकारी
(C) वैदिक कर्मकाण्ड के विशेषज्ञ
58. लाइकेन, जो एक नम्र चट्टान पर भी पारिस्थितिक अनुक्रम को प्रारम्भ करने में सक्षम है, वास्तव में किनके सहजीवी सहचर्य हैं?
(A) शैवाल और जीवाणु
(C) जीवाणु और कव
- (B) उत्तर प्रदेश
(D) बिहार
- (B) ऑस्ट्रेलिया
(D) जर्मनी
- (B) मेक्सिको सिटी
(D) पेरिस
- (B) कावेरी
(D) नर्मदा
- (B) व्यक्ति की ऊँचाई की आधी
(D) व्यक्ति की ऊँचाई के प्रमुख
- (B) शैवाल और कवक
(D) कवक और माँस

59. भारतीय राष्ट्रगान के पूरे पाठान्तर को बजाने (गाने) में लगने वाला समय (सेकेंड में) कितना है?
(A) 60 सेकेंड (B) 52 सेकेंड
(C) 55 सेकेंड (D) 57 सेकेंड
60. जोखिम पूँजी से क्या तात्पर्य है?
(A) उद्योगों को उपलब्ध कराई गई अल्पकालीन पूँजी
(B) नये उद्योगों को उपलब्ध कराई गई दीर्घकालीन प्रारम्भिक पूँजी
(C) उद्योगों को हानि उठाते समय उपलब्ध कराई गई निधियाँ
(D) उद्योगों के प्रतिस्थापन एवं नवीकरण के लिए उपलब्ध कराई गई निधियाँ
61. गुलाम वंश की स्थापना किसने की?
(A) इल्तुतमिश (B) कुतुबुद्दीन ऐबक
(C) बख्तियार खिलजी (D) बलबन
62. विडाल टैस्ट (परीक्षण) किसके निदान के लिए प्रयुक्त किया जाता है?
(A) सेलमोनलोइसिस (B) मलेरिया
(C) हेजा (D) टाइफॉइड (आन्त्रज्वर)
63. निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिये:
1. हुमायूँ ज्योतिष में विश्वास करता था। इसलिए वह सप्ताह के सात दिन अलग-अलग रंग के कपड़े पहनता था।
2. वह प्रायः रविवार को पीला, सोमवार को सफेद, शनिवार को काला कपड़ा पहनता था।
उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन-सा/से सही है/हैं?
(A) केवल 1 (B) केवल 2
(C) 1 और 2 दोनों (D) न तो 1, न ही 2
64. निम्नलिखित का मिलान कीजिए-
सूची-I
1. बहादुर शाह प्रथम
2. जहाँदार शाह
3. फर्रूखसियार
4. मुहम्मद शाह
(A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d
(C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c
- सूची-II**
a. शाह-ए-बेखबर
b. लम्पट मूर्ख
c. घृणित कायर
d. रंगीला शाह
(B) 1-d, 2-b, 3-c, 4-a
(D) 1-d, 2-c, 3-d, 4-a
65. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा भारतीय अर्थव्यवस्था के प्राथमिक क्षेत्र में आता है?
(A) चीनी उद्योग (B) डेयरी
(C) बैंकिंग (D) माल का परिवहन
66. _____ सरकार में प्रत्येक वयस्क नागरिक के पास एक वोट होना चाहिए और प्रत्येक वोट का एक मूल्य होना चाहिए।
(A) लोकतंत्रीय (B) स्वायत्त
(C) राजतंत्र (D) सत्तावादी
67. निम्नलिखित में से किस ऑपरेटिंग सिस्टम में टीच टेक्स्ट एक टेक्स्ट संपादक है?
(A) विंडोज (B) गूगल क्रोम
(C) यूसी ब्राउजर (D) मैकिंटोश
68. तने में प्रोटोजाइलम केन्द्र की ओर तथा मेटाजाइलम परिधि की ओर होते हैं। इस प्रकार के जाइलम को _____ कहते हैं।
(A) जाइलम तंतु (B) जाइलम पैरेन्काइम
(C) बाहा आदिदारूक (D) मध्यादिदारूक
69. निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिये:
1. सूरदास का जन्म आगरा के पास रूनकता गांव में हुआ था।
2. अकबर कालीन तुलसीदास का जन्म 1523 उत्तर प्रदेश के बांदा जिले के राजापुर ग्राम में हुआ था।
उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन-सा/से सही है/हैं?
(A) केवल 1 (B) केवल 2
(C) 1 और 2 दोनों (D) न तो 1, न ही 2
70. कर्क रेखा किस क्षेत्र से नहीं गुज़रती है-
(A) इंदौर (B) उज्जैन
(C) जबलपुर (D) भोपाल
71. किस प्रकार की जमा ब्याज की उच्चतम दर देता है?
(A) चालूखाता (B) सावधि खाता
(C) आवर्ती खाता (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं
72. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा युग्म सुमेलित है?
(A) संशोधन प्रक्रिया: अनुच्छेद 268
(B) प्रधानमंत्री के कर्तव्य: अनुच्छेद 74
(C) राष्ट्रपति शासन: अनुच्छेद 365
(D) अंतरराज्यीय परिषद: अनुच्छेद 263
73. समुद्री जल के अलवणीकरण में निम्नलिखित में से कौन शामिल है?
(A) विपरीत परासरण
(B) सरल परासरण
(C) ज़ियोलाइट के रूप में सोडियम एल्यूमिनियम सिलिकेट का उपयोग
(D) आयन चयनात्मक इलेक्ट्रोड का उपयोग
74. 17 वीं लोकसभा चुनाव में किस राज्य में None of The Above (NOTA) वोट विकल्प सर्वाधिक दर्ज किया गया है?
(A) बिहार (B) महाराष्ट्र
(C) कर्नाटक (D) उत्तर प्रदेश
75. लेवर कप किस खेल से संबंधित है?
(A) फुटबॉल (B) टेनिस
(C) बैडमिंटन (D) रग्बी
76. निम्नलिखित में से किसे 'भोर का तारा' के रूप में जाना जाता है?
(A) शनि (B) बृहस्पति
(C) मंगल (D) शुक्र
77. संघ लोक सेवा आयोग के सदस्यों को उनके पद से हटाया जा सकता है-
(A) यूपीएससी के चेयरमैन की रिपोर्ट पर राष्ट्रपति द्वारा
(B) प्रधानमंत्री द्वारा
(C) संसद द्वारा
(D) संसद की रिपोर्ट पर राष्ट्रपति द्वारा
78. हम्पी में स्थित स्मारकों का समूह _____ में है।
(A) कर्नाटक (B) मध्य प्रदेश
(C) राजस्थान (D) महाराष्ट्र
79. पनीका ग्रैनटम _____ का वैज्ञानिक नाम है।
(A) बरगद (B) पपीता
(C) बांस (D) अनार
80. प्रथम विश्व युद्ध के समय भारत के वायसराय _____ थे।
(A) लॉर्ड चेम्सफोर्ड (B) लॉर्ड लिनलिथगो
(C) लॉर्ड इरविन (D) लॉर्ड डलहौजी
81. जीमेल के संस्थापक कौन हैं?
(A) पॉल बुचेट (B) रे टॉमलिंग्सन
(C) टिम बरनर्स-ली (D) डगलस एंजेलबार्ट
82. निम्नलिखित तत्वों में से किसकी परमाणु संख्या जिंक की तुलना में अधिक है?
(A) कॉपर (B) आयरन
(C) क्रोमियम (D) ब्रोमीन
83. लाला लाजपत राय पर लाठीचार्ज के विरोध में अंग्रेज अधिकारी साण्डर्स की हत्या कहाँ की गई थी?
(A) कराची (B) लाहौर
(C) मुल्तान (D) अमृतसर
84. चांग लो _____ का लोक नृत्य है।
(A) अरुणाचल प्रदेश (B) पंजाब
(C) असम (D) नागालैंड
85. भारत का वह राज्य कौन सा है जिसमें प्रथम रेल सेवा 2014 में प्रारम्भ हुई थी?
(A) असम (B) मेघालय
(C) मिजोरम (D) नागालैंड
86. राष्ट्रवादी कांग्रेस पार्टी (एनसीपी) की स्थापना किस वर्ष हुई?
(A) 1949 (B) 1999
(C) 1972 (D) 1997

87. वह कौन सा देश है जिसका 30% से अधिक का क्षेत्र राष्ट्रीय पार्क के अंतर्गत आता है?
(A) नेपाल (B) भूटान
(C) पाकिस्तान (D) बांग्लादेश
88. सख्त कोयला, जो थोड़ा वाष्पशील पदार्थ युक्त है, उसे _____ कहा जाता है?
(A) पीट (B) लिग्नाइट
(C) बिटुमिनस (D) एन्थ्रेसाइट
89. भारतीय संविधान के किस भाग में राष्ट्रपति पद का उल्लेख है?
(A) भाग-4 (B) भाग-5
(C) भाग-6 (D) भाग-7
90. अतिरिक्त अमीनो अम्ल को तोड़कर यूरिया में बदलता है?
(A) वृक्क (B) यकृत
(C) प्लीहा (D) मलाशय
91. रात में एक पेड़ के नीचे नहीं सोने की सलाह दी जाती है क्योंकि
(A) ऑक्सीजन की कमी के कारण
(B) ऑक्सीजन की अधिकता के कारण
(C) कार्बन डाइऑक्साइड के कारण
(D) कार्बन मोनोऑक्साइड के कारण
92. निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिये:
1. हेपेटाइटिस-B यौन संक्रमित रोग है।
2. रूधिर एपिथिलियल ऊतकों से बना होता है।
उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन-सा/से सही है/हैं?
(A) केवल 1 (B) केवल 2
(C) 1 और 2 दोनों (D) न तो 1, न ही 2
93. निम्न में से कौन सुमेलित नहीं है?
(A) बर्लिन: एवोन (B) अंकारा: कीजिल
(C) एमस्टर्डम: अमस्टल (D) एडीलेड: टारेन्स
94. निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिये:
1. बिग ईच पाइप लाइन का निर्माण द्वितीय विश्व युद्ध के समय हुआ था।
2. टेक्सास से पेनसिलवानिया को जाने वाली यह पाइप लाइन संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका के कई मुख्य तेलशोधक कारखानों को तेल एवं गैस सप्लाई करती है।
उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन-सा/से सही है/हैं?
(A) केवल 1 (B) केवल 2
(C) 1 और 2 दोनों (D) न तो 1, न ही 2
95. आईआरडीएआई एक स्वायत्त शीर्ष वैधानिक निकाय है, जो भारत में बीमा उद्योग को नियंत्रित और विकसित करता है। आईआरडीएआई का मुख्यालय स्थित है
(A) नई दिल्ली (B) मुंबई
(C) कोलकाता (D) हैदराबाद
96. पंचायत द्वारा कौन सा कर एकत्र किया जाता है?
(A) बिक्री कर (B) सीमा शुल्क
(C) भू राजस्व (D) स्थानीय मेले पर कर
97. जल शक्ति के नए मंत्रालय का प्रमुख कौन है?
(A) गजेंद्र सिंह शेखावत (B) श्रीपाद येसो नाइक
(C) हरदीप सिंह पुरी (D) मनसुख एल मंडाविया
98. सरकार ने पूरी तरह से पांच साल में पशुओं के पैर और मुँह के रोग (एफएमडी) पर रुपये के कुल परिव्यय _____ के साथ ब्रूसिलोसिस(ब्रूसेला वंश के जीवाणु द्वारा उत्पन्न एक संक्रामक रोग) नियंत्रित करने के लिए एक योजना को मंजूरी दी है।
(A) 14,443 करोड़ रुपये (B) 13,343 करोड़ रुपये
(C) 12,341 करोड़ रुपये (D) 11,142 करोड़ रुपये
99. मंत्रिमंडल ने एक नई योजना को मंजूरी दी है, जो 60 वर्ष की आयु प्राप्त करने के बाद सभी दुकानदारों, खुदरा व्यापारियों और स्वरोजगारित व्यक्तियों को _____ पेंशन की मंजूरी दी है।
(A) 1000 रुपये (B) 2000 रुपये
(C) 3000 रुपये (D) 4000 रुपये

100. किस भारतीय प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान ने स्पेस टेक्नोलॉजी सेल (STC) स्थापित करने के लिए भारतीय अंतरिक्ष अनुसंधान संगठन (ISRO) के साथ एक समझौता ज्ञापन पर हस्ताक्षर किए हैं ?
(A) भारतीय प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान (IIT), गुवाहाटी
(B) भारतीय प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान (IIT), मुंबई
(C) भारतीय प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान (IIT), दिल्ली
(D) भारतीय प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान (IIT), कानपुर

English Language and Comprehension

Directions (101-104) In the following questions four alternatives are given for idioms/phrases in now. Choose the one that best expresses the meaning of the given idiom/phrase.

101. Piece of cake
(A) Great at convincing them
(B) Physically hit, punch or slap
(C) Something that is easy to do.
(D) None of above
102. Went to the winds
(A) To be utterly lost
(B) Dismissal from jobs
(C) Find ourselves in a whole lot of trouble
(D) Very uncomfortable
103. The green-eyed monster
(A) Suddenly quit or stop addictive
(B) Everyone to join
(C) Talking nonsense
(D) Used as a way of talking about jealousy
104. Out of the wood
(A) Talking nonsense
(B) Indifferent
(C) Free from difficulties and danger
(D) None of above

Directions (105-109) In these questions, in the following passage some of the words have been left out. Read the passage carefully and choose the four alternatives and fill in the blanks.

The announcement by 23andMe, a company that105..... home DNA testing kits, that it has sold the rights to a promising new anti-inflammatory drug to a Spanish106..... company is cause for celebration. The collected health data of 23 and Me's millions of customers have107..... produced a medical advance – the first of its kind. But108..... weeks later the same company announced that it was laying off workers amid a109..... market that its CEO put down to the public's concerns about privacy.

105. (A) Sells (B) Selling
(C) Sell (D) None
106. (A) Pharmacy (B) Pharm
(C) Pharmaceuticals (D) Pharmaceutical
107. (A) Similarly (B) Along with
(C) Potentially (D) Profuse
108. (A) Few (B) A few
(C) The Few (D) None
109. (A) Beguile (B) Huge
(C) Colossal (D) Shrinking

Directions (110-114) Out of the four alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word.

110. Outpouring
(A) Entice (B) Wayfarer
(C) Deem (D) Spurt
111. Seduces
(A) Cajole (B) Offer
(C) Naïve (D) None
112. Misdemeanour
(A) Flaw (B) Obedience
(C) Latest (D) Express
113. Internalize
(A) Hint (B) Overtone
(C) Attribute (D) Angry
114. Innuendo
(A) Produce (B) Vigour
(C) Intimation (D) Detain

Directions (115-119) In the following questions choose the word which is the exact OPPOSITE of the given words.

115. Tarnish
(A) Ablaze (B) Vague
(C) Happy (D) Polish
116. Heft
(A) Essence (B) Unwelcome
(C) Put down (D) Corrode
117. Gravamen
(A) Insignificant (B) Mammoth
(C) Blithe (D) Plaintiff
118. Incumbent
(A) Optional (B) Obtrusive
(C) Holder (D) Inheritor
119. Saddle
(A) Give (B) Allow
(C) Crunch (D) Comfort

Directions (120-129) In the following questions, change the Statements given in Direct Speech form into Indirect Speech or vice versa, with the help of given four options (A), (B), (C), (D).

120. The Prime Minister said. "What a disaster the earthquake is!"
(A) The Prime Minister cried that the earthquake was a terrible disaster.
(B) The Prime Minister expressed with surprise that the earthquake was a terrible disaster.
(C) The Prime Minister exclaimed with sorrow that the earthquake was a terrible disaster.
(D) The Prime Minister told in pain that the earthquake was a terrible disaster.
121. Rocky father says "Honesty is the best policy"
(A) Rocky father asked if honesty is the best policy
(B) Rocky father exclaimed that honesty is the best policy
(C) Rocky father says that honesty is the best policy
(D) Rocky father called honesty is the best policy
122. Ram said, "they will go to Sri Lanka."
(A) Ram said that they would go to Sri Lanka.
(B) Ram said that they would gone Sri Lanka.
(C) Ram said that they would gone to Sri Lanka.
(D) Ram said that they would went Sri Lanka.

123. The monk said to the followers "Anger kills Intellect"
(A) The monk said to the followers anger kills intellect
(B) The monk told the followers that anger kills intellect
(C) The monk told the followers that anger has killed intellect
(D) The monk asked followers if anger kills intellect
124. She said, "It has been snowing for 5 days"
(A) She said that it has been snowing for 5 days.
(B) She said that it have been snowing for 5 days.
(C) She said that it had snowing for 5 days.
(D) She said that it had been snowing for 5 days.
125. He said to her, 'Did it shake you up as much as it shook me'
(A) He asked her if it had shaken her up as it had shaken him.
(B) He enquired of her if it shook her up as much as it had shaken him.
(C) He enquired of her if it shook her up as it shook him.
(D) He asked her if it had shaken her up as much as it shook him.
126. The poor mother said, "O God, have mercy on my kid soul".
(A) The poor mother prayed to God to have mercy on kid soul.
(B) The poor mother, invoking God, implored him to have mercy on kid soul.
(C) The poor mother exclaimed that God, have mercy on his soul.
(D) The poor mother told God to have mercy on his soul.
127. The professor said, "The planets revolve around the sun"
(A) The professor said that the planets revolved around the sun.
(B) The professor said that the planets revolves around the sun.
(C) The professor said that the planets revolve around the sun.
(D) The professor said that the planets revolving around the sun.
128. Mark said, "The moss was stuck to the boulder, until the gardener removed it"
(A) Mark said that the moss was been stuck to the boulder, until the gardener removed it.
(B) Mark said that the moss were stuck to the boulder, until the gardener removed it.
(C) Mark said that the moss had been stuck to the boulder, until the gardener removed it.
(D) Mark said that the moss was stuck to the boulder, until the gardener removed it.
129. He said, "Rohan ate when he was sitting in the class"
(A) He said that Rohan had been eaten when he was sitting in the class.
(B) He said that Rohan had eaten when he was sitting in the class.
(C) He said that Rohan have eaten when he was sitting in the class.
(D) He said that Rohan has been eaten when he was sitting in the class.

Directions (130-134) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

In the Indian context, the term 'financial inclusion' was used for the first time in April 2005 in the Annual Policy

Statement presented by Y. Venugopal Reddy, the then governor, Reserve Bank of India. Later on, this concept gained ground and came to be widely used in India and abroad. While recognizing the concerns in regard to the banking practices that tend to exclude rather than attract vast sections of population, banks were urged to review their existing practices to align them with the objective of financial inclusion. The Report of the Internal Group to Examine Issues relating to Rural Credit and Microfinance (Khan Committee) in July 2005 drew strength from this announcement by Governor Y. Venugopal Reddy in the Annual Policy Statement for 2005-06 wherein he had expressed deep concern on the **exclusion** of vast sections of the population from the formal financial system. In the Khan Committee Report, the RBI **exhorted** the banks with a view to achieving greater financial inclusion to make available a basic "no-frills" banking account. Khan Committee recommendations were incorporated into the mid-term review of the policy (2005-06). Financial inclusion again featured later in 2005 when it was used by K.C. Chakraborty, the chairman of Indian Bank. Mangalam, Puducherry became the first village in India where all households were provided banking facilities. Norms became less strict for people intending to open accounts with annual deposits of less than Rs. 50,000. General credit cards (GCCs) were issued to the poor and the disadvantaged with a view to help them access easy credit. In January 2006, the Reserve Bank permitted commercial banks to make use of the services of non-governmental organizations (NGOs/SHGs), micro-finance institutions, and other civil society organizations as intermediaries for providing financial and banking services. These intermediaries could be used as business facilitators or business correspondents by commercial banks. The bank asked the commercial banks in different regions to start a 100% financial inclusion campaign on a pilot basis. As a result of the campaign, states or union territories such as Puducherry, Himachal Pradesh and Kerala announced 100% financial inclusion in all their districts. The Indian Reserve Bank vision for 2020 is to open nearly 600 million new customers' accounts and service them through a variety of channels by leveraging on IT. However, illiteracy, low income savings and lack of bank branches in rural areas continue to be a roadblock to financial inclusion in many states and there is **inadequate** legal and financial structure.

The government of India recently announced "Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojna," a national financial inclusion mission which aims to provide bank accounts to at least 75 million people by January 26, 2015. To achieve this milestone, it's important for both service providers and policy makers to have readily available information outlining gaps in access and interactive tools that help better understand the context at the district level. MIX designed the FINclusion Lab India FI workbook to support these actors as they craft strategies to achieve these goals.

Several Startups are working towards increasing Financial Inclusion in India by organising various large unorganised sectors where payments primarily happen in Cash, instead of a bank transaction.

Recently, the government of India came up with a policy under the name "rupee exchange" to exchange higher notes with the intent of: clamping down on tax defaulters, track down corrupt officers (by **rendering** valueless heavy cash stashed away secretly) and generally restoring sanity to the economic system. First off it is alarming that despite the fact that India's CRISIL index is in excess of 40% and it is reputed to be heavy on technology, over 85% of its financial transactions are cash based. While income and inequality gaps will

widen anyway, it is recommended that India embraces - proposed - as a matter of policy financial inclusion.

In India, RBI has initiated several measures to achieve greater financial inclusion, such as facilitating no-frills accounts and GCCs for small deposits and credit. Some of these steps are:

Opening of no-frills accounts: Basic banking no-frills account is with nil or very low minimum balance as well as charges that make such accounts accessible to vast sections of the population. Banks have been advised to provide small overdrafts in such accounts.

130. Which of the following facts is true as per the passage?
 (A) Banks haven't been suggested to provide small overdrafts in such accounts.
 (B) The central bank has started many measures to get greater financial inclusion.
 (C) The central Bank permitted commercial banks not to make use of the services of non-governmental organizations (NGOs/SHGs)
 (D) All the commercial banks were urged to hold their existing practices
131. Which of the following facts is false as per the passage?
 (A) The financial inclusion segment is plural impoverished and differentiated.
 (B) RBI encouraged the banks with a view to achieving greater financial inclusion to make available a basic
 (C) GCCs facility was for bigger deposits and credits.
 (D) One A & B
132. According to the passage, for which of the following reasons the Gov brought the policy names 'Rupee exchange'?
 (A) To exchange higher notes so that corrupt officers could be tracked down.
 (B) To introduce new types of printing machines which were bought by it.
 (C) To achieve a milestone so that they could boast of their initiatives this would ultimately help them getting votes.
 (D) B & C
133. What did the author try to highlight in the passage?
 (A) The ailing condition of Indian business market at present
 (B) Strategies that may help banks expand in the unbanked market
 (C) Role of government in modifying the existing financial-inclusion policies
 (D) All
134. In the passage, the author has specified which of the following characteristics of non-governmental organizations?
 (A) These are the organization which work under the policy made by government of India
 (B) These organization support Indian economy in crisis
 (C) They suffer from excruciation of Indian Government.
 (D) None of the above

Directions (135-136) Choose the word which is MOST SIMILAR in meaning to the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

135. **EXCLUSION**
 (A) Eviction (B) Allowance
 (C) Incorporation (D) Awkwardness
136. **EXHORTED**
 (A) Encouraged (B) Reverenced
 (C) Discouraged (D) Dissuaded

Directions (137-141) In the following question, some part of the sentence may have errors. Find out which part of the sentence has an error and select the appropriate option. If a sentence is free from error, select 'No Error'.

137. ITV confirmed that Sunday episode(a)/ of Love Island would not be broadcast(b) but the current series would continue on Monday(c)/ No Error(d).
(A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d
138. Crews attended and, following a clinical assessment, (a)/ the person was not taken to hospital to (b)/patient confidentiality we cannot comment further(c)/ No Error (d).
(A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d
139. It wasn't just social media, it was the media(a)/ amplifying what social media was doing (b)/ It was both strands. There is a human impact (c)/ No Error(d).
(A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d
140. Fellow leadership contender Lisa Nandy said social media(a)/ companies could not be left to police themselves, (b)/ suggesting the current situation was like the "Wild West" (c)/ No Error(d).
(A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d
141. In no another area of life would we allow (a)/ private companies to police themselves. We ought to make sure the state has a(b)/ system of regulation and support around that (c)/ No Error(d).
(A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d

Directions (142-146) In these questions, each passage consists of six sentences. The first and the sixth sentence are given in the beginning. The middle four sentences in each have been jumbled up. These are labelled P, Q, R and S. You are required to find out the proper sequence of the four sentences from the given alternatives (a), (b), (c) and (d).

142. S1 : Most computers have the built-in ability to power a second screen.
S6 : However, some thinner and lighter laptop models lack a compatible port. For those, you may have to add an adapter into the mix.
P : First, find the HDMI or DisplayPort socket on your laptop or desktop.
Q : If you own an older computer, you might be looking for a white DVI or a blue VGA socket instead.
R : All four types of ports let you connect your computer to a television, projector, or other secondary screen.
S : If your computer has one of these ports, all you'll need is the proper cable.
The proper sequence should be
(A) QPSR (B) PQRS
(C) QPRS (D) PQSR
143. S1 : For example, slimmed-down laptops like Apple's MacBook Air and Google's Pixelbook rely on USB-C ports for data transfer, charging, and video output.
S6 : When picking your cables or adapters, look for the maximum resolutions they can support and make sure they match the monitor you buy.
P : Some computers will require other dongles.

Q : A few monitors do accept USB-C, but not all do. In that case, you'll need an adapter to covert USB-C to HDMI (like this \$20 dongle) or to DisplayPort (such as this \$15 adapter cable) before you can plug the laptop into your monitor.

R : Alternatively, if you prefer an HDMI monitor, you could connect the Surface to a Mini DisplayPort-to-HDMI dongle (such as this \$8 adapter), then a standard HDMI cable.

S : Take Microsoft's 2017 Surface Pro: it includes a Mini DisplayPort that accepts a Mini DisplayPort-to-DisplayPort cable (like this \$8 one), which in turn will plug into any monitor with a DisplayPort.

The proper sequence should be

- (A) QPSR (B) PQRS
(C) QPRS (D) PQSR

144. S1 : You might have seen a few alarming headlines about a 'planet killer' headed for Earth this weekend.
S6 : The trajectory of this asteroid is very well known," the NASA Jet Propulsion Lab's Center for Near Earth Object Studies tweeted on Thursday.
P : This weekend, the object known as 2002 PZ39 will totally fail to hit our planet.
Q : But don't worry: rumors of our impending death by asteroid have been greatly exaggerated.
R : It will instead sail on, its continuing mission to seek out new life and new things to bump into.
S : This asteroid is estimated to be between 481.2 yards and 1083 yards in diameter, and astronomers have been tracking it for some time (since 2002, in fact, hence the name).
The proper sequence should be
(A) QPSR (B) PQRS
(C) QPRS (D) PQSR

145. S1 : A Kashmiri village chief became very friendly with another man of his village.
S6 : At last he thought of a plan.
P : After a while he found his friend to be so greedy that he decided to send him away.
Q : He had told him too much of his private affairs.
R : He did not wish to make the fellow his enemy.
S : This was easier said than done, for they had been close friends.
The proper sequence should be
(A) QPSR (B) PQRS
(C) QPRS (D) PSRQ

146. S1 : The world is full of people appallingly full and they are tumbling over each other.
S6 : The other way is much less thrilling, the way of the democracies and is much more preferable.
P : There are two solutions to overcome these dislikes.
Q : One is the Nazi solution, if you don't like kill them, banish them.
R : One doesn't like the colour of their skin, or the shape of their nose or the way they walk and talk.
S : Most of the people doesn't know and some them one doesn't like.
The proper sequence should be
(A) QPSR (B) PQRS
(C) QPRS (D) SRPQ

Directions (147-151) Pick out the most effective word from the given options to fill in the blanks to make the sentence meaningfully complete.

147. Japan is bracing for hundreds of additional cases of the coronavirus onboard the stricken Princess Diamond, as experts warned that the country was still in the "early stages" of the outbreak.

(A) Complete
(C) Potentially

(B) Wonder
(D) Potent

148. The passengers evacuated from the ship face further uncertainty too, with the US and Australian citizens set for another two weeks of.....
(A) Quarantine (B) Differ from
(C) Different (D) Creep out
149. Onboard the Diamond Princess, another 70 people have been..... with Covid-19.
(A) Identify (B) Diagnosed
(C) Ascertain (D) Spot
150. Some Diamond Princess passengers face another two weeks in..... if they have shared a cabin with someone who tests positive, Japan's health ministry said on Sunday.
(A) Shielding (B) Separation
(C) Apart (D) Isolation
151. On Monday, the outbreak forced a hospital near Tokyo to stop accepting new patients, and raised the of a scaled back Tokyo Marathon next month.
(A) Contact (B) Accessibility
(C) Possibility (D) Contagious

Directions (152-161) In the following question, a sentence has been given in Active/Passive voice. Out of four alternatives suggested, select the one, which best expresses the same sentence in Passive/Active Voice.

152. He has a gut feeling that his brother may be keeping a secret.
(A) He has a gut feeling that maybe his brother kept a secret.
(B) A gut feeling is had that a secret is kept by his brother.
(C) He had a gut feeling that a secret was kept by his brother.
(D) He has a gut feeling that a secret may be being kept by his brother.
153. She has preserved all the old letters of her dead lover.
(A) All the old letters of her dead lover have been preserved by her.
(B) All the old letters have been preserved.
(C) All the old letters of her dead lover has been preserved by her.
(D) The letters of her old lover have been preserved.
154. Who gave you permission to enter?
(A) By whom were you given permission to enter?
(B) By whom was you given permission to enter?
(C) By whom you were given permission to enter?
(D) By whom given you permission to enter?
155. The Principal has granted him a scholarship.
(A) A scholarship has granted to him by the Principal.
(B) He has been granted a scholarship by the Principal.
(C) He has granted a scholarship by the Principal.
(D) A scholarship was granted to him by the Principal.
156. I would advise you not to get on the wrong side of your boss.
(A) It would be advised by me not to get on the wrong side of your boss.
(B) It would be my advice not to get on the wrong side of your boss.
(C) You would be advised by me not to get on the wrong side of your boss.

(D) You would be advised by me to not get on the wrong side of your boss.

157. It is possible to do this.
(A) It is possible to have done this
(B) This is possible to be done.
(C) It is possible to be done.
(D) It can be done.
158. He was disgusted with the flattery of his assistant.
(A) The flattery of his assistant disgusted him.
(B) His assistant's flattery had disgusted him.
(C) He was disgusted with his assistant for his flattery.
(D) The flattery of his assistant will disgust.
159. Many children have been kidnapped by the militants.
(A) The militants have kidnapped many children.
(B) The militants are kidnapping many children.
(C) The militants kidnapped many children.
(D) The militants had kidnapped many children.
160. I bought a new dress last month.
(A) Last month a new dress was bought by I.
(B) Last month a new dress was bought by me.
(C) Last month a new dress is bought by me.
(D) Last month a new dress had been bought by me.
161. Sameer could be doing anything else but sleep.
(A) Anything else but sleep could be done by Sameer.
(B) Sameer could do anything else but sleep.
(C) Anything else but sleep could have been done by Sameer.
(D) None of the option is correct.

Directions (162-171) In these questions, in the following passage some of the words have been left out. Read the passage carefully and choose the four alternatives and fill in the blanks.

Students who complain about abuse on campus are being '.....162.....'. As the Windrush scandal was breaking, it became clear that there were two parallel163..... of the UK's immigration system. Those who had been164..... by the Home Office machine knew the truth: that the system was cruel and broken. The other view, more popular but165....., was that the country's immigration policy was lax,166..... and open to abuse. The same now applies to life on Britain's university campuses. Last week a report found a culture of non-.....167..... agreement abuse. NDAs, originally designed to prevent departing university staff from sharing professional secrets, are now being used to168..... victims of sexual harassment,169..... and poor teaching in order to protect the abusers and, by extension, the universities themselves. Freedom of information requests by the BBC in 2019 revealed that UK universities had paid about £87m in NDA170..... in the previous two years. This suggests a nationwide and institutional failure to protect students from171..... abusers, a culture of exploitation of those who are vulnerable, and a failure to meet the needs of those with disabilities.

162. (A) Woke smeared (B) Perturb
(C) Perpetuators (D) Nudge
163. (A) Dream up (B) Produce
(C) Concoct (D) Perceptions
164. (A) Needless (B) Mangled
(C) Acquisitive (D) Greedy

165. (A) Revelation (B) Fabricated
(C) Counterfeit (D) Fake
166. (A) Unwary (B) Rapacious
(C) Gullible (D) Wolfish
167. (A) Torment (B) Oppress
(C) Buckle (D) Disclosure
168. (A) Grounded (B) Coerce
(C) Gag (D) None
169. (A) Bullying (B) Muzzle
(C) Block (D) Clog
170. (A) Grip (B) Payoffs
(C) Keck (D) Muffle
171. (A) Stifle (B) Predatory
(C) Convulse (D) Step up
173. In which system of education was Samrat studying?
(A) The system of read and recite
(B) The system of day and night school
(C) Staying in teacher's house and work for him
(D) The Gurukula system of learning Spanish
174. Why did the teacher not show affection to Samrat?
(A) He developed hatred towards him
(B) He knew that Samrat was a potential killer
(C) Samrat did not have sympathy towards teacher's wife
(D) The teacher had seen him talking with other boys
175. The purpose of the teacher to punish the boy was –
(A) To reform him as he was bad in studies
(B) To teach him as he was not paying attention
(C) To send message to the class to improve their behavior
(D) To make the boy vindictive

Direction (172-181) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

Samrat was a boy of ten. He was staying in his teacher's house to learn Spanish. Samrat was an eloquent student and his Guru liked him. But the teacher didn't show his good will towards the student. Rather, he was harsh towards him. One day Samrat was not very heedful in the class. This made the teacher annoyed. He beat him extremely. Samrat sobbed for a while. Then he wanted to **unleash** his revenge on the Guru. In his rage he decided to kill the teacher. He chalked out a plan for this; Samrat would climb up to the roof of his teacher's bedroom with heavy granite stone and drop it on the teacher's head when he was asleep. So after taking the dinner, Samrat went out, picked up a heavy stone and climbed to the roof of the room. After some time his teacher and his wife retired to bed. Before sleeping they talked for some time. During the talk Samrat heard his name being mentioned. He listened to their conversation attentively. The teacher's wife was equally fond of Samrat. She was telling the teacher, 'this morning you were very harsh on Samrat. You beat him umpteen times, mercilessly. Is he not the best boy in your class? If you behave in this manner he will run away from here and you will lose a good student.'

The teacher replied, 'you are right, I should not have been so cruel to him. But you know he was not attentive in the class. I was taking an important lesson and he was talking to another boy. When I saw it I lost my temper? Samrat should not miss important lessons. So, I beat him in such a way that the punishment may deter him from such indifference in future.'

On hearing this, Samrat became very sad. It was with good intention that the teacher punished him. He was overwhelmed with regret. The whole night he sat on the roof. The next morning after lessons, he approached his teacher when he was alone and apologized to him everything.

172. What was the plan of Samrat to take revenge?
(A) To make a situation so that the teacher becomes hopeless.
(B) To kill the wife of the Guru
(C) To peep into his bedroom from the roof top
(D) To crush the teacher's head with a stone at night
176. Which behavior irritated the teacher most?
(A) Going to roof top with granite stone
(B) Listening to the bedroom conversation
(C) Indulging into the conversation with other boys during class
(D) The weeping of Samrat
177. In the opinion of teacher's wife, Samrat was.....
(A) Most dishonest, insincere boy
(B) The best student in the class
(C) A short-tempered sensitive boy
(D) A student who deserved much more punishment
178. What was the Samrat's reaction on hearing the conversation in his teacher's bedroom?
(A) Should wait for the couple to sleep and kill them both
(B) How wrong am I to kill such a nice teacher
(C) I should jump onto the bed of the couple from roof top
(D) Alas! I should not have heard the conversation
179. Which of the following is TRUE in the context of the passage?
(A) The Gurukul system of education was forced on Samrat
(B) The teacher assaulted the student mercilessly
(C) The teacher's wife was astonished at the behavior of Samrat
(D) Samrat did not have guilt feeling even after hearing the conversation
180. Which of the following is NOT TRUE in the context of the passage?
(A) In old days boys at young age were sent to teacher's house
(B) But for bedroom conversation, Samrat would not have killed the teacher
(C) Samrat was the best student in the class
(D) The teacher's wife was of the view that Samrat might run away
181. What is the meaning of the word **Unleash**?
(A) Release (B) Captivate
(C) Control (D) Numerate

Directions (182-186) In the following question, some part of the sentence may have errors. Find out which part of the sentence has an error and select the appropriate option. If a sentence is free from error, select 'No Error'.

182. India emerged as the world's fifth largest(a)/ economy by overtaking the UK(b)/ and France in 2019, says a report(c)/ No Error(d)
(A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d
183. India's real GDP growth, however, it said(a)/ is expected to weaken for the third(b)/ straight year from 7.5 per cent the 5 per cent(c)/ No Error(d)
(A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d
184. But as a Chinese government mass detention campaign engulfed(a)/ Memtimin Emer's native Xinjiang region three years ago, the elderly imam was(b)/ swept up and locked away, along all three of his sons living in China(c)/ No Error(d)
(A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d
185. Each entry includes the detainee's name, address, national identity number, detention date and(a)/ location, along with a detailed dossier on its family, religious(b)/ and neighborhood background, the reason for detention, and a decision on whether or not to release them(c)/ No Error(d)
(A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d
186. Taken as a whole, the information offers the(a)/ fullest and most personal view still into how Chinese officials decided who(b)/ to put into and let out of detention camps(c)/ No Error(d)
(A) a (B) b
(C) c (D) d

Directions (187-196) In these questions, in the following passage some of the words have been left out. Read the passage carefully and choose the four alternatives and fill in the blanks.

Inside Keir Starmer's phonebank his187..... were speed-dialling: unlike the188..... of the hell of cold calling, this pool of fully engaged citizens, the rare numbers who belong to a political party, are keen to talk. I spoke with members from Midlothian to Walsall, Bolton to Bedfordshire, Norfolk to Deal, all with tales of the politics of their towns, their general election catastrophes – and the great divide between them. Voices from a189..... party included Jim from Birmingham. His local party nominated Starmer, but on a190..... turnout. "Not me, absolutely not Keir. He's a Trojan horse, a suited-and-booted191..... of the192....., a triangulator on the side of MPs who tried to vote out Jeremy Corbyn." Which of his policies does he oppose? "He won't introduce open selection of MPs. I'm193..... by most Labour MPs' behaviour in the last years." Trigger194..... to reselect Labour MPs195..... local parties, wastefully burning energy and emotion before being196..... in the run-up to the general election, so is that really what matters most after four election defeats? Yes, it seems so for members such as him: "Keir's in with the MPs who say they'll quit if Rebecca Long-Bailey wins."

187. (A) Relying (B) Mission
(C) Volunteers (D) None
188. (A) Carve (B) Acquirer
(C) Buckle (D) Recipients
189. (A) Riven (B) Draw
(C) Acquire (D) Wangle
190. (A) Hive (B) Parcel
(C) Tiny (D) Atomize
191. (A) Knight (B) Polarize
(C) Dissociate (D) Rankle
192. (A) Drift (B) Realm
(C) Fork (D) Ramify
193. (A) Indivisible (B) Ravel
(C) Mixed (D) Disgusted
194. (A) Depraved (B) Pool
(C) Ballots (D) None
195. (A) Poisoned (B) Inextricable
(C) Forked (D) Prophase
196. (A) Mascot (B) Mycology
(C) Suspended (D) Monotheism

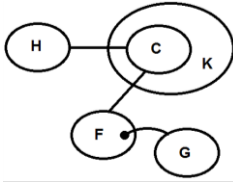
Directions (197-200) In the following question, a sentence has been given in Active/Passive voice. Out of four alternatives suggested, select the one, which best expresses the same sentence in Passive/Active Voice.

197. What one must do one must do properly.
(A) What must be done must be done properly.
(B) It must be done properly what one must do.
(C) It must be done what one must do properly.
(D) One must do properly what has to be done.
198. Look at the poll results-do they inspire hope?
(A) Let the poll results be looked-is hope inspired by them?
(B) Let the poll results be looked at-has hope been inspired by them?
(C) Let the poll results be looked at-is hope being inspired by them?
(D) Let the poll results be looked at-is hope inspired by them?
199. It is your duty to make tea at eleven O'clock.
(A) You are asked to make tea at eleven O'clock.
(B) You are required to make tea at eleven O'clock.
(C) You are supposed to make tea at eleven O'clock.
(D) Tea is to be made by you at eleven O'clock.
200. He was congratulated by his teacher on his brilliant success in the recent examination.
(A) His teacher congratulated him on his brilliant success in the recent examination.
(B) His teacher congratulated him for his success in the examination.
(C) His teacher congratulated him on his success.
(D) His teacher congratulated him.

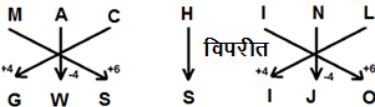
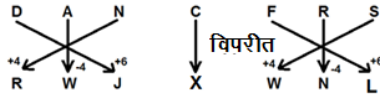
Space for rough work

General Intelligence & Reasoning

Ans.(1-2)



Ans.1(A)
Ans.2(B)
Ans.3(C)



Ans.4(B)

$27 \times (27-1) = 702$

$33 \times (33-1) = 1056$

Ans.5(D)

पहला दूसरे को खाता है।

Ans.6(B)

$276 - 12 + 25 \times 121 \div 251 = 445$

चिह्न बदलने के बाद

$276 \div 12 \times 25 + 121 - 251 = 445$

Ans.7(B)

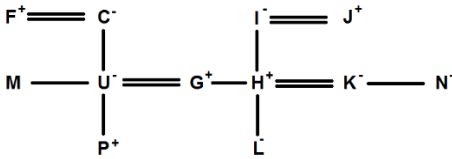
Ans.8(D)

दिए शब्द में "U" नहीं है।

Ans.9(A)

Ans.10(D)

Ans.(11-12)

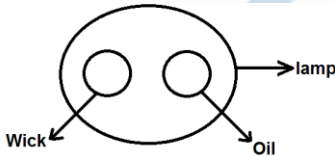


Ans.11(D)

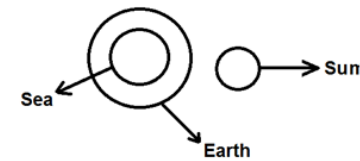
M का लिंग नहीं ज्ञात है।

Ans.12(A)

Ans.13(B)



Ans.14(D)



Ans.15(C)

पहले स्तंभ में

$(36-23) (5+3) = 104$

उसी प्रकार तीसरे स्तंभ में

$(42 - 30) (6+3) = 108$

Ans.16(D)

"D" को छोड़कर सभी अनाज है।

Ans.17(C)

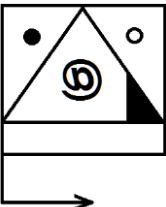
"C" को छोड़कर सभी "4" से भाजित है।

Ans.18(B)

Ans.19(C)

Ans.20(A)

Ans.21(C)



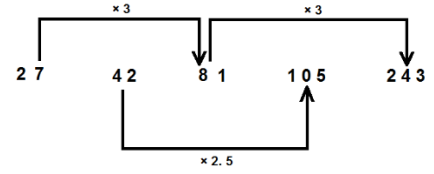
Ans.22(B)

रमेश < शिवम < अमित < कृति < मोहन

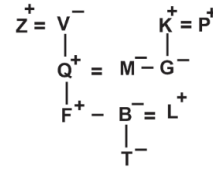
Ans.23(C)

Ans.24(B)

Ans.25(D)



Ans.(26-28)

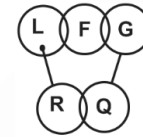


Ans.26(B)

Ans.27(C)

Ans.28(A)

Ans.(29-30)



Ans.29(C)

Ans.30(B)

Ans.31(B)

Ans.32(C)

Ans.33(D)

दिए शब्द में "L" नहीं है।

$36 \$ 28 \% 32$

$(36 + 28) (3 + 2) = 320$

उसी प्रकार

$(25 + 26) (4 + 3) = 357$

$S + 3 = V$ $B + 3 = E$

$T + 5 = Y$ $O + 5 = T$

$U + 7 = B$ $O + 7 = V$

$D + 9 = M$ $K + 9 = T$

$Y + 11 = J$ $S + 11 = D$

Ans.34(C)

Ans.35(C)

$23 \times (23 + 2) = 575$

$37 \times (37 + 2) = 1443$

Ans.36(A)

भूकंप के अध्ययन को सीसमोलॉजी कहते हैं।

Ans.(37-40)

| | |
|----|---------|
| तल | व्यक्ति |
| 8 | अमित |
| 7 | भानू |
| 6 | ध्रुव |
| 5 | फैजान |
| 4 | इवान |
| 3 | चंदन |
| 2 | ज्ञान |
| 1 | हिमेश |

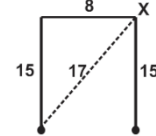
Ans.37(C)

Ans.38(C)

Ans.39(D)

Ans.40(D)

Ans.(41-42)



Ans.41(C)

Ans.42(C)

Ans.(43-45)

| | | |
|--------------|---|-----------|
| Juice | → | fsa |
| is | → | fja |
| tea | → | fha |
| black | → | fka |
| very / tasty | → | fta / fla |
| Sweet / and | → | fpa / fra |

- Ans.43(C)
Ans.44(B)
Ans.45(D)
Ans.46(A)
Ans.47(D)
Ans.48(C)

"A" को छोड़कर सभी खट्टे फल हैं।
26 का घन 17576 है।

↓ यामी सोनू भीम विजय जुबेरी

(+) मोहित — (+) जहीर — (+) भरत = (-) दिव्या
| |
(+) इमरान (+) उज्जवल

Ans.49(C)

Ans.50(C)

BREAK

General Awareness

- Ans.51(B) उत्तर प्रदेश गन्ना उत्पादन में प्रथम राज्य है।
Ans.52(B) विलंड्रा झील क्षेत्र- एक यूनेस्को हेरिटेज साइट ऑस्ट्रेलिया में स्थित है।
Ans.53(D) अंतर्राष्ट्रीय खगोलीय संघ (आईएयू) का मुख्यालय पेरिस में स्थित है।
Ans.54(D) प्रायद्वीपीय भारत की सभी पश्चिमी की दिशा में बहने वाली नदियों में सबसे बड़ी नदी नर्मदा है।
Ans.55(D)
Ans.56(B) किसी व्यक्ति का पूरा प्रतिबिम्ब देखने के लिए एक समतल दर्पण की न्यूनतम ऊँचाई व्यक्ति की ऊँचाई की आधी होती है।
Ans.57(B) मध्यकालीन भारत में 'महत्तर' और 'पट्टकिल' पदनाम ग्राम मुखिया के लिए प्रयुक्त होते थे।
Ans.58(B) लाइकेन वास्तव में शैवाल और कवक के सहजीवी साहचर्य है।
Ans.59(B) भारतीय राष्ट्रगान के पूरे पाठन्तर को बजाने में लगने वाला समय 52 सेकेंड होता है।
Ans.60(B) नये उद्यमियों को उपलब्ध कराई गई दीर्घकालीन प्रारम्भिक पूँजी कुतुबुद्दीन ऐबक गुलाम वंश का संस्थापक था।
Ans.61(B) विडाल टेस्ट एक सीरम वैज्ञानिक परीक्षण है, जो (आन्त ज्वर) या टाइफॉइड ज्वर के निदान के लिए प्रयुक्त किया जाता है।
Ans.62(D)
Ans.63(C)
Ans.64(A)
Ans.65(B)
Ans.66(A) डेयरी भारतीय अर्थव्यवस्था के प्राथमिक क्षेत्र में आता है। लोकतंत्रीय सरकार में प्रत्येक वयस्क नागरिक के पास एक वोट होना चाहिए और प्रत्येक वोट का एक मूल्य होना चाहिए।
Ans.67(D) मैकिटोश ऑपरेटिंग सिस्टम में टीच टेक्स्ट एक टेक्स्ट संपादक है।
Ans.68(D) तने में प्रोटोजाइलम केन्द्र की ओर तथा मेटाजाइलम परिधि की ओर होते हैं। इस प्रकार के जाइलम को मध्यादिदारुक कहते हैं।
Ans.69(C)
Ans.70(A) इंदौर
Ans.71(B) सावधि खाता
Ans.72(D) अंतरराज्यीय परिषद: अनुच्छेद 263
Ans.73(A) विपरीत परासरण
Ans.74(A) 17 वीं लोकसभा चुनाव में में **None of The Above** (NOTA) वोट विकल्प सर्वाधिक बिहार में दर्ज किया गया है।
Ans.75(B) लेवर कप टेनिस से संबंधित है।
Ans.76(D) शुक 'भोर का तारा' के रूप में जाना जाता है।
Ans.77(A) संघ लोक सेवा आयोग के अध्यक्ष व सदस्यों की नियुक्ति राष्ट्रपति करता है। अनुच्छेद 317 के अनुसार उन्हें कार्यकाल के बीच यूपीएससी के चेयरमैन के प्रतिवेदन पर तथा कुछ निरर्हताओं होने पर राष्ट्रपति हटा सकता है।
Ans.78(A) हम्पी दक्षिण भारतीय राज्य कर्नाटक का एक प्राचीन गांव है। यह विजयनगर साम्राज्य से कई नष्ट हो चुके मंदिर परिसरों के साथ मौजूद है।
Ans.79(D) बाम्बुसा डेंड्रोक्रामस बांस का वैज्ञानिक नाम है। फिकस बेंगलेंसिस बरगद का वैज्ञानिक नाम है। कार्का पपाया पपीता का वैज्ञानिक नाम है। पनीका ग्रैनटम अनार का वैज्ञानिक नाम है।
Ans.80(A) प्रथम विश्व युद्ध के समय भारत के वायसराय लॉर्ड चेम्सफोर्ड थे।
Ans.81(A) जीमेल के संस्थापक पॉल बुचेट हैं। वर्ल्ड वाइड वेब (संक्षेप में डब्ल्यूडब्ल्यूडब्ल्यू या वेब) एक सूचना विस्तार है जहां दस्तावेजों

और अन्य वेब संसाधनों को यूनिफॉर्म रिसोर्स लोकेटर (यूआरएल) द्वारा पहचाना जाता है, ये हाइपरटेक्स्ट लिंक से जुड़े हुए हैं, एवं इंटरनेट के माध्यम से सुलभ होते हैं।

अंग्रेजी वैज्ञानिक टिम बर्नर्स-ली ने 1989 में वर्ल्ड वाइड वेब का आविष्कार किया। 1990 में उन्होंने स्विट्ज़रलैंड में सर्न में नियोजित होते हुए पहला वेब ब्राउज़र लिखा था।

Ans.82(D)

Ans.83(B)

Ans.84(D)

Ans.85(B)

Ans.86(B)

Ans.87(B)

Ans.88(D)

Ans.89(B)

Ans.90(A)

Ans.91(C)

Ans.92(A)

Ans.93(A)

Ans.94(C)

Ans.95(D)

Ans.96(D)

Ans.97(A)

Ans.98(B)

Ans.99(C)

Ans.100(A)

काँपर आयरन क्रोमियम ब्रोमीन और जस्ते की परमाणु संख्या 29, 26, 24, 35 और 30 है।

लाला लाजपत राय पर लाठीचार्ज के विरोध में अंग्रेज अधिकारी साण्डर्स की हत्या लाहौर में की थी।

चांग लो नृत्य नागालैंड के चांग जनजाति द्वारा किया जाता है। वे इसे दुश्मनों के खिलाफ अपनी जीत का जश्न मनाने के लिए करते हैं, यह तीन दिवसीय उत्सव है जहां नाटक भी किया जाता है।

भारत का वह राज्य मेघालय है जो जिसमें प्रथम रेल सेवा 2014 में प्रारम्भ हुई थी।

राष्ट्रवादी कांग्रेस पार्टी (एनसीपी) की स्थापना 1999 में हुई थी। भूटान देश है जिसका 30% से अधिक का क्षेत्र राष्ट्रीय पार्क के अंतर्गत आता है।

एन्थ्रेसाइड एक कोयले की एक कठोर, कॉम्पैक्ट किस्म है, जिसमें एक सबमेटेलिक चमक है। इसकी सर्वोच्च कार्बन सामग्री उपस्थित होती है, सबसे कम अशुद्धियाँ पायी जाती है, और ग्रेफाइट को छोड़कर सभी प्रकार के कोयले से उच्चतम ऊर्जा घनत्व है।

भारतीय संविधान के भाग-5 में राष्ट्रपति पद का उल्लेख है। अतिरिक्त अमीनो अम्ल को तोड़कर वृक्क यूरिया में बदलता है। रात में एक पेड़ के नीचे नहीं सोने की सलाह दी जाती है क्योंकि पेड़ रात में कार्बन डाइऑक्साइड छोड़ते हैं।

रूथिर संयोजी ऊतकों से बना होता है।

बर्लिन: एवोन

आईआरडीएआई का मुख्यालय हैदराबाद में स्थित है।

पंचायत द्वारा स्थानीय मेलों पर कर एकत्र किया जाता है।

गजेंद्र सिंह शेखावत

सरकार ने पूरी तरह से पांच साल में पशुओं के पैर और मुँह के रोग (एफएमडी) पर परिव्यय 13,343 करोड़ रुपये के साथ ही ब्रूसीलोसिस (ब्रूसेला वंश के जीवाणु द्वारा उत्पन्न एक संक्रामक रोग) नियंत्रित करने के लिए एक योजना को मंजूरी दी है।

Ans.99(C)

Ans.100(A)

भारतीय प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान (IIT), गुवाहाटी

English Language and Comprehension

Ans.101(C)

Ans.102(A)

Ans.103(D)

Ans.104(C)

Ans.105(A)

Sells is the correct choice. We use the simple present tense when an action is happening right now, or when it happens regularly. In the third person singular the verb always ends in -s: he wants, she needs, he gives, she thinks.

Ans.106(D)

Use adjective here which is Pharmaceutical that means relating to medicinal drugs, or their preparation, use, or sale.

Ans.107(C)

Potentially is the adverb which means with the capacity to develop or happen in the future.

Ans.108(B)

Few is a negative quantifier, and means 'fewer than expected. A few means 'a small, but still positive, number'.

Ans.109(D)

Shrinking means becoming smaller in size or amount.

Ans.110(D)

Outpouring means something that streams out rapidly.

Ans.111(A)

Seduce means entice (someone) to do or believe something inadvisable or foolhardy.

Ans.112(A)

Misdemeanour means a minor wrongdoing.

Ans.113(C)

Internalize means make (attitudes or behaviour) part of one's nature by learning or unconscious assimilation.

Ans.114(C)

Innuendo means an allusive or oblique remark or hint, typically a suggestive or disparaging one.

- Ans.115(D)** Tarnish means lose or cause to lose lustre, especially as a result of exposure to air or moisture. Polish means make the surface of (something) smooth and shiny by rubbing it.
- Ans.116(C)** Heft means lift or carry (something heavy).
- Ans.117(A)** Gravamen means the essence or most serious part of a complaint or accusation. Insignificant means too small or unimportant to be worth consideration.
- Ans.118(A)** Incumbent means necessary for (someone) as a duty or responsibility. Optional means available to be chosen but not obligatory.
- Ans.119(D)** Saddle means burden (someone) with an onerous responsibility or task. Comfort means a state of physical ease and freedom from pain or constraint.
- Ans.120(C)** An exclamatory sentence expresses state of joy, sorrow or wonder, to change them into Indirect Speech, specific words (i.e. exclaimed with joy, exclaimed with sorrow, exclaimed with wonder) are added to the sentence.
- Ans.121(C)** Sentence is Universal truth so it cannot be changed.
- Ans.122(A)** Future simple
(Subject+ will/shall+V1+object)
Present Conditional
(Subject+ would+V1+object)
- Ans.123(B)** "Said to" will change into "told"
Else sentence is Universal truth so it cannot be changed.
- Ans.124(D)** Present perfect
(Subject + has/have+V3+Object)
Past perfect
(Subject+had+V3+Object)
- Ans.125(A)** Past simple
(Subject+V2+Object)
Past perfect
(Subject+had+V3+Object)
- Ans.126(A)** Sentences containing expressions of good wishes, prayer for someone or desires are called optative sentences. The reporting verb is changed according to the mood of the expression. In such cases and the reported speech is changed into assertive.
- Ans.127(C)** If the reported speech expresses a universal truth/a habitual fact then the tense of the reported speech remains the same
- Ans.128(D)** If the reported speech contains a time clause and the verbs (including main verb) are in simple past, the verbs remain same.
- Ans.129(B)** If main verb is in simple past and time clause verb is past continuous, usually main verb changes into past perfect and the time clause verb remains same.
- Ans.130(B)** The central bank has started many measures to get greater financial inclusion is the correct option.
- Ans.131(C)** GCCs facility was for bigger deposits and credits is the correct option.
- Ans.132(A)** To exchange higher notes so that corrupt officers could be tracked down is the correct option.
- Ans.133(D)**
Ans.134(D)
Ans.135(A) Exclusion means the process of excluding or the state of being excluded.
- Ans.136(A)** Exhorted means strongly encourage or urge (someone) to do something.
- Ans.137(A)** "Sunday" should be replace by "Sunday's".
Use the apostrophe to show possession. To show possession with a singular noun, add an apostrophe plus the letter s.
- Ans.138(B)** Add "Due" before "to".
- "Due to" should only be used as an adjective and come after a noun. Due to means because of; owing to.
- Ans.139(D)** No Error.
- Ans.140(B)** Change "Themself" into "Themselves".
"Themself" is not a word. Reflexive pronouns are myself, ourselves, yourself (singular), yourselves (plural), her-, him-, or itself, and themselves.
- Ans.141(A)** Change "Another" into "other".
The words another and other mean the same thing, except that another is used with a singular noun and other is used with uncountable and plural nouns.
- Ans.142(B)**
Ans.143(A)
Ans.144(C)
Ans.145(D)
Ans.146(D)
Ans.147(C) Potentially means with the capacity to develop or happen in the future.
- Ans.148(A)** Quarantine means a state, period, or place of isolation in which people or animals that have arrived from elsewhere or been exposed to infectious or contagious disease are placed.
- Ans.149(B)** Diagnosed means identify the nature of (an illness or other problem) by examination of the symptoms.
- Ans.150(D)** Isolation means the process or fact of isolating or being isolated.
- Ans.151(C)** Possibility means a thing that may happen or be the case.
- Ans.152(D)** Active Voice
Subject + is/am/are+ v1+ ing + object.
Passive Voice
Object+ is/am/are+ being+ V3+ by + subject.
- Ans.153(A)** Active Voice
Subject + has/have+ v3+ object
Passive Voice
Object+ has/have+ been+ V3+ by + subject
- Ans.154(B)** In such case "who" will change into "by whom".
Rule:
By whom + subject + (was /were) + V3 + other agents.
- Ans.155(B)** The form of 'To be' – been
Object + been + Past Participle of Verb + by Subject
- Ans.156(C)** Active voice
(Sub + modal + V1 + object.)
Passive voice
(Object + modal + be + V3 + by+ Sub.)
- Ans.157(B)** This is the correct formation
- Ans.158(A)** This is the correct formation
- Ans.159(A)** Active
Subject + has/have+ v3+ object
Passive
Object+ has/have+ been+ V3+ by + subject
- Ans.160(B)** Active Voice
Sub + V2 + Object.
Passive Voice
Object + was/were + V3 + by + Sub.
- Ans.161(D)** If Active Voice is in Modal continuous form, viz. Sub + Modal + be + V1 + ing + Object there will be no Passive Voice.
- Ans.162(A)** Woke meaning (woke smeared- It's a slang) actively aware of systemic injustices and prejudices, especially those related to civil and human rights. Smeared means to publicly accuse someone of something unpleasant, unreasonable, or unlikely to be true in order to harm their reputation.
- Ans.163(D)** Perceptions mean the ability to see, hear, or become aware of something through the senses.

- Ans.164(B)** Mangled means destroy or severely damage by tearing or crushing.
- Ans.165(B)** Fabricated means invent (something) in order to deceive.
- Ans.166(C)** Gullible means easily persuaded to believe something; credulous.
- Ans.167(D)** Disclosure means the action of making new or secret information known.
- Ans.168(C)** Gag means choke or retch.
- Ans.169(A)** Bully means seek to harm, intimidate, or coerce (someone perceived as vulnerable).
- Ans.170(B)** Payoffs meaning payment made to someone, especially as a bribe or on leaving a job.
- Ans.171(B)** Predatory means (of an animal) preying naturally on others or seeking to exploit others.
- Ans.172(D)** To crush the teacher's head with a stone at night is the correct option.
- Ans.173(D)** The Gurukula system of learning Spanish is the correct option.
- Ans.174(D)** The teacher had seen him talking with other boys is the correct option.
- Ans.175(B)** To teach him as he was not paying attention is the correct option.
- Ans.176(C)** Indulging into the conversation with other boys during class is the correct option.
- Ans.177(B)** The best student in the class is the correct option.
- Ans.178(B)** How wrong am I to kill such a nice teacher is the correct option.
- Ans.179(B)** The teacher assaulted the student mercilessly is the correct option.
- Ans.180(A)** In old days boys at young age were sent to teacher's house is the correct option.
- Ans.181(A)** Unleash means cause (a strong or violent force) to be released or become unrestrained.
- Ans.182(D)** Change "The" with "To"
- Ans.183(C)** "From" always takes "To" with it.
- Ans.184(C)** Use "With" after "Along"
Along with means in addition to (something or someone).
- Ans.185(B)** Change "its" with "their". 'Their' stands for multiple owners but can include people, such as the car belonging to our friends. 'Its' stands for a something belonging to a thing, such as a book's pages, or an animal.
- Ans.186(B)** Change "Still" into "Yet". The word yet is mainly used to refer to something that a person is waiting for and expecting, but that hasn't happened so far. The word still is used mainly to refer to something that began in the past and is continuing into the present.
- Ans.187(C)** Volunteers means a person who does something, especially helping other people, willingly and without being forced or paid to do it.
- Ans.188(D)** Recipients mean a person who receives something.
- Ans.189(A)** Riven means split or tear apart violently.
- Ans.190(C)** Tiny means very small.
- Ans.191(A)** Knight means (in the Middle Ages) a man who served his sovereign or lord as a mounted soldier in armour.
- Ans.192(B)** Realm means a kingdom.
- Ans.193(D)** Disgusted means feeling or expressing revulsion or strong disapproval.
- Ans.194(C)** Ballots mean a system of voting secretly and in writing on a particular issue.
- Ans.195(A)** Poisoned means administer poison to (a person or animal), either deliberately or accidentally.
- Ans.196(C)** Suspended means (of a sentence) imposed by a judge or court but not enforced as long as no further offence is committed within a specified period.

- Ans.197(A)**
- Ans.198(D)** The object you is generally missing in Imperative Sentences. The structure of such sentences in Passive Voice is: Let + object + be/not be + V3
- Ans.199(C)** The sentence which expresses a prayer, keen wish, curse etc. is called an optative sentence.
- Ans.200(A)** Sentence is in Passive Voice so translate this sentence into Passive voice.
Active Voice
Subject + V2+ object
Passive Voice
Object+ was/were V3+ by + subject

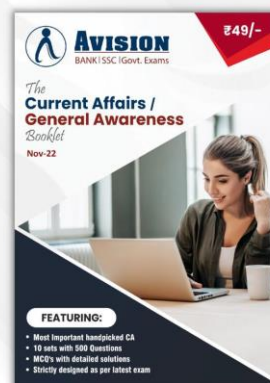
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